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July 8, 2003

Commander
Naval Facilities Engineering Command
Atlantic Division
1510 Gilbert Street
Norfolk, Virginia 23511-6287

Attention: EV23JC, Mr. John D. Conway, P.G.

Re: **FINAL** Soil Assessment Report
UST TT-3140/3142 Site, Tarawa Terrace II Housing Area
Marine Corps Base
Camp Lejeune, North Carolina

Navy Contract No. N62470-01-D-3009
Delivery Order No. 0057
CATLIN Project No. 203-014
NCDENR Incident No. 23699

Dear Mr. Conway:

CATLIN Engineers and Scientists (CATLIN) and Mid-Atlantic Associates, P.A. (Mid-Atlantic) are pleased to submit the FINAL Soil Assessment Report for the above referenced site. We have reviewed comments made to the DRAFT document, and where applicable, changes have been incorporated into the FINAL report. A summary of the comments and responses is attached.

As requested by Nikki Hall with the Camp Lejeune Environmental Quality Branch we are delivering a copy of the Final report to the Wilmington Regional Office of the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources. A copy of the cover letter is attached.

CATLIN and Mid-Atlantic appreciate the opportunity to continue to provide services to LANTDIV and MCB Camp Lejeune on your environmental projects.

Sincerely,

Michael E. Mason, P.E.
CATLIN Program Manager

Attachments: Final SAR
Copy of Cover Letter to NCDENR WiRO

cc: Mr. Roger R. Marce, Jr. - Code AQ 135 Contracts (correspondence only)
Commanding General, Attn: Director I&E/EMD/EQB (1 copy)
Mr. Dan Nielsen, Mid-Atlantic (correspondence only)

203014_RCAP_final ltr

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Response to Comments
Draft Soil Assessment Report
UST TT3140/3142
Date of Draft SAR Report: May 6, 2003

Written By: EWK Date: 6/30/03
Reviewed By: DW Date: 7/2/03

Editorial Note: Reviewer comments are noted in courier font and were copied from e-mail responses received from Ms. Kimberly Hakola and Ms. Nikki Hall of MCB Camp Lejeune. Mr. John Conway of LANTDIV did not have further comments on the Draft UST TT-3140/3142 Soil Assessment Report (SAR). Mid-Atlantic received reviewer correspondence from the MCB on June 12, 2003 and LANTDIV on June 30, 2003.

Response to Mr. Conway's Comments:

Mr. Conway did not have comments regarding the Draft SAR, in addition to those provided by the MCB.

Responses to Comments by Ms. Hakola and Ms. Hall:

Comments 1 and 2 (First two cover pages):

- 1) Page 1
Risk Classification: Low (missing).
- 2) Page 2
Date Release Discovered: July 31, 2001 (not 8/7/01)

Response:

The report has been revised as requested.

Comments 3 through 8 (Executive Summary, Pages i and ii):

- 1st paragraph
- 3) Explain that the UST was non-regulated and non-commercial.
- 4) Explain the "trigger" for this report.
- 5) 1st bullet, 1st sentence
Revise to read, " The concentrations...have decreased nearly ten fold since UST closure."
- 6) 1st bullet, 2nd sentence
The second reference to September 2001 should be March 2003.

7) 2nd bullet, 1st sentence

Include samples taken from the east side (4-6').

8) May want to add that contamination has been delineated (both horizontally and vertically) since that is the main intent of the SAR.

Response

In response to comments 3, 5, and 7 we have modified the text as requested. We revised the second to last sentence of paragraph one to read:

" On January 9, 2003, DENR requested that the MCB complete a Soil Assessment Report (SAR) for the site in order to comply with the soil assessment and cleanup requirements of 15A NCAC 2L .0115 (i)."

The regulations specified above were included in the January 9, 2003 letter submitted by DENR to the MCB.

In response to Comment No. 6 and Comments 20 and 21 discussed below, we changed the second "September 2001" reference in the first bulleted item to March 2003. We also added the Residential MSCC concentration in parentheses after the March 2003 date (see Comment No. 20) and provided a reason for the ten-fold decrease in contaminant concentrations (see Comment No. 21).

We have added the following text to the end of the second bulleted item in the Executive Summary, and in Section 6.0:

"The lateral and vertical extent of petroleum-contaminated soils in excess of Residential MSCCs has been delineated."

We also modified the second bullet to be consistent with changes made to the Conclusions and Recommendations section. We deleted "also" from the first sentence of the second bullet and added the sample collected from the east side where petroleum contaminants were detected (Comment No. 22).

Comment No. 9 (Section 1 - Site Identification, Page 1):

9) UST Owner Address

Technically, it is MCB, PSC Box 20004, Camp Lejeune, NC 28542.

Response:

We have modified the text in the report, as requested.

Comment No. 10 (Section 2 - Site History, Page 2):

10) 2nd paragraph

Does the 1965 drawing indicate that USTs were installed much earlier than '76?

Response:

The 1965 drawing (MCB Drawing No. 957756) does not show the location of housing units with USTs or housing units where USTs were replaced by above ground heating oil storage tanks (ASTs). Drawing 957756 and accompanying detail sheet 957757 show existing ASTs at numerous housing units and plans for replacing these existing ASTs with new heating oil ASTs. Housing units TT-3140/3142 were not among the locations shown on the drawings where existing tanks were to be replaced.

Based on your comment, we added text to the second paragraph which clarifies that the TT-3140/3142 site was not shown with a UST or existing AST in the drawings. At the end of sentence three in the second paragraph of Section 2.0, we added "...and the building containing TT-3140/3142." We added "... at the TT-3140/3142 site or other buildings" to the last sentence of paragraph two.

Comments 11 through 15 (Section 3.2 - Land Use, Page 3):

11) 1st paragraph, 1st sentence

Replace "base training operations" with "military housing".

12) 1st paragraph, 2nd sentence

Instead of *DWM Guidelines*, use *2001 Guidelines* as defined in acronym list.

13) 2nd paragraph, 4th sentence

Insert comma after March 2003.

14) 2nd paragraph, 5th sentence

Insert "through" or "by" or "near" after "Children often pass".

15) 4th paragraph, 4th sentence

Replace comma with semi-colon.

Response:

We have modified the text in the report, as requested.

Comments 16 and 17 (Section 4.0 - Site Geology, Pages 4-5):

- 16) 3rd paragraph, 3rd sentence
I only count six (instead of seven) borings.
- 17) 3rd paragraph, 5th sentence
Do you mean USTTT3140/3142-SB01 (instead of MW01)?

Response:

Seven borings were installed at the site by Mid-Atlantic: USTTT3140/3142-SB01, USTTT3140/3142-MW01 (boring for monitoring well of the same name), USTTT3140/3142-SB05, USTTT3140/3142-SB06, USTTT3140/3142-SB07, USTTT3140/3142-SB08 and USTTT3140/3142-SB09. The monitoring well boring was designated USTTT3140/3142-MW01. Boring USTTT3140/3142-SB01 was a hand auger boring advanced near the suspected location of the former fuel oil delivery line.

Comments 18 and 19 (Section 5.0 - Soils Investigation, Pages 6 and 8):

- 18) 5.1 [Section], 3rd paragraph, last sentence
Consider revising "...were not reported with...".
- 19) 5.2 [Section], MADEP VPH/EPH, 2nd sentence
Capitalize residential.

Response:

We revised the last sentence of the third paragraph, Section 5.1, to read "The laboratory did not detect VPH or EPH in the sidewall samples at concentrations above the laboratory reporting limits (PQL)." The word "residential" was capitalized in Section 5.2, as requested.

Comments 20 through 22 (Section 6.0 - Conclusions and Recommendations, Pages 9-10):

20) 1st bullet

How do you explain the ten-fold decrease in contaminant concentrations?

21) 1st bullet, 2nd sentence

The second reference to September 2001 should be March 2003. Include Residential MSCC for C9-C22 for reference.

22) 2nd bullet, 1st sentence

Delete "also" and include east side sample.

Response:

No. 20: We stated in the text that degradation of petroleum contaminants through natural attenuation processes since closure of the UST may be a reason for the nearly ten-fold decrease in contaminant concentrations.

No. 21: We added the Residential MSCC for C9-C22 aromatics in the second to last sentence of the first bullet.

No. 22: We modified the text, as requested.

Comments 23 and 24 (Tables 2.2 and 3.1, respectively):

23) Table 2.2

Commanding General is UST owner/operator. Is site use military housing?

24) Table 3.1

Tax Parcel Number is NA.

Response:

No. 23: We have revised Table 2.2 to reflect that "Commanding General, Marine Corps Base" is the UST Owner. Table 2.2 is modified from Table B-2 in the 2001 Guidelines (Page B-66), however the "Site Use" column was added to provide DENR with additional information about the tank's use. The intent of the column is

to provide information about the tank's use at the site, therefore the column heading "Site Use" is not representative. We changed the name of the column to "Usage of UST at Site".

No. 24: We have revised Part A of Table 3.1 to include "N/A" under the column heading "Tax Parcel Number/Map ID". Below the table, we have stated that N/A refers to "Not Applicable. The entire surrounding area is used for military housing."

**SOIL ASSESSMENT REPORT (FINAL)
FOR
UST TT-3140/3142
TARAWA TERRACE II HOUSING AREA
MARINE CORPS BASE
CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA**

NCDENR UST INCIDENT NO.: 23699
RISK CLASSIFICATION: LOW
LAND USE CLASSIFICATION: RESIDENTIAL

JULY 3, 2003

CONTRACT NO.: N62470-01-D-3009
DELIVERY ORDER NO.: 0057
MID-ATLANTIC PROJECT NO.: 000R1243.57

Prepared By:

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**SOIL ASSESSMENT REPORT (FINAL)
FOR
UST TT-3140/3142
TARAWA TERRACE II HOUSING AREA
MARINE CORPS BASE
CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA**

NCDENR UST Incident No.: 23699
Source of the Release: One 550-Gallon Heating Oil UST System
Date Release Discovered: July 31, 2001
Risk Classification: Low
Land Use Classification: Residential
Latitude: N 34° 44' 7.4" (34.7357 N)
Longitude: W 77° 23' 0.6" (77.3835 W)

Mid-Atlantic Job No. 000R1243.57


July 3, 2003

Prepared For:

Commanding General
Naval Facilities Engineering Command
Atlantic Headquarters, Env. Division
Technical Services Branch
1510 Gilbert Street
Norfolk, Virginia 23511-6287

Prepared By:

MID-ATLANTIC ASSOCIATES, INC.


Eric B. Aufderhaar, P.G.
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Daniel H. Nielsen, P.E.
Principal Engineer

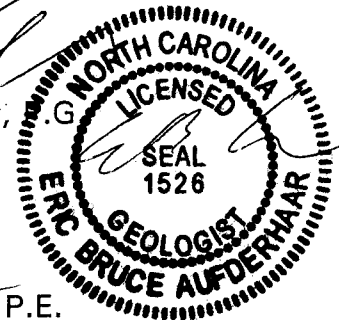


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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The subject site is former UST TT-3140/3142 located adjacent to family housing units TT-3140 and TT-3142 in the Tarawa Terrace II Housing Community, Marine Corps Base (MCB), Camp Lejeune, North Carolina. The MCB owned and operated the former UST that was 550-gallons in capacity and contained fuel oil for on-site heat production. The UST was non-regulated and non-commercial. Fuel oil-contaminated soils were first identified in July 2001 following permanent closure of UST TT-3140/3142 by J.A. Jones Environmental Services Company (J.A. Jones). Since this date, soil and groundwater samples were collected for laboratory analyses, a receptor survey was completed and two reports were submitted to the NC DENR by Mid-Atlantic Associates, Inc. (Mid-Atlantic) and J.A. Jones. The DENR reviewed these reports and classified the site as "low risk" with a "residential" land usage. On January 9, 2003, DENR requested that the MCB complete a Soil Assessment Report (SAR) for the site in order to comply with the soil assessment and cleanup requirements of 15A NCAC 2L .0115 (i). DENR subsequently approved a report submission deadline of June 30, 2003.

The Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Atlantic Division (LANTDIV) issued Delivery Order 0057 under Contract N62770-01-D-3009 to Catlin Engineers & Scientists (CATLIN) to complete the SAR. CATLIN retained Mid-Atlantic to complete the SAR. Based upon the results of our SAR, we conclude the following:

- The concentrations of petroleum contaminants at the base of the former UST excavation have decreased nearly ten-fold since UST closure. The concentration of C9-C22 aromatics has decreased from 635.7 mg/Kg in September 2001 to 67 mg/Kg in March 2003 (the Residential MSCC for C9-C22 aromatics is 469 mg/Kg). Both samples were collected from a similar depth. A reason for this decrease in contaminant concentrations may include natural attenuation of petroleum contaminants since the removal of the contaminant source (fuel oil UST) on July 31, 2001.
- Petroleum-contaminated soils were identified in soil samples collected from the north side (6-8 feet BLS), east side (4-6 feet BLS) and west side (5.5-7 feet BLS) of the former UST excavation. However, the detected concentrations of VOCs, SVOCs, and petroleum hydrocarbons (VPH and EPH) are below Residential and Industrial/ Commercial MSCCs. The lateral and vertical extent of petroleum-contaminated soils in excess of the Residential MSCCs has been delineated.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY (Continued)

- Depth to groundwater, based on our previous work in July 2002 and March 2003, ranged from 10.7 feet BLS (during drought conditions) to approximately 6 feet BLS (after several rainfall events) within the former UST basin. We noted wet soils at approximately 8 feet BLS outside of the former UST pit during March 2003. The shallower depth to groundwater within the UST pit may be attributable to groundwater preferentially accumulating within the sand backfill, creating a localized mound.
- Based on assessment data collected to date, petroleum contaminants are present in the soils at concentrations less than the Residential and Industrial MSCCs. Therefore, remediation of the soils should not be required by DENR.

Based on our knowledge of the requirements in *Guidelines for Assessment and Corrective Action (DENR, 2001)*, and our experience, Mid-Atlantic recommends the following:

- The MCB should submit this report to the DENR and request that the UST TT-3140/3142 site be considered for no further action status.

LIST OF ACRONYMS

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| 2000 Guidelines | Groundwater Section Guidelines for Investigation and Remediation of Soil and Groundwater |
| 2001 Guidelines | Guidelines for Assessment and Corrective Action, North Carolina Underground Storage Tank Section (Effective July 1, 2001) |
| 2L GWQS | NCAC T15A:02L Groundwater Quality Standards |
| ARO | Asheville Regional Office |
| AS | Air Sparge |
| AST | Aboveground Storage Tank |
| BDL | Below Detection Limit |
| BN | Base/Neutral (extractables) |
| BNA | Base/Neutral/Acid (extractables) |
| BQL | Below Quantitation Limit |
| BLS | Below Land Surface |
| BTEX | Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes |
| CAP | Corrective Action Plan |
| CATLIN | CATLIN Engineers and Scientists (Formerly RC&A) |
| CFR | Code of Federal Regulations |
| Cr | Chromium |
| CSA | Comprehensive Site Assessment |
| CNP | Carbon Nitrogen Phosphorous |
| CPT | Cone Penetrometer Test |
| DENR | Department of Environment and Natural Resources |
| DIPE | Diisopropyl Ether |
| DO | Dissolved Oxygen |
| DOD | Department of Defense |
| DPT | Direct Push Technology |
| DWQ | Division of Water Quality |
| DWM | Division of Waste Management |
| DTW | Depth to Water |
| EAD | Environmental Affairs Department |
| EDB | Ethylene di-bromide |
| EMD | Environmental Management Division |
| EPA | Environmental Protection Agency |
| EPH | Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons |
| EQB | Environmental Quality Branch |
| Fe | Iron |
| FID | Flame Ionization Detector |
| FOD | Foreign Object Debris |
| FRO | Fayetteville Regional Office |
| FT | Feet |
| GCL | Gross Contaminant Level |
| GIS | Geographic Information System |
| GPS | Global Positioning System |

LIST OF ACRONYMS (CON'T.)

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Guidelines Vol. I | Groundwater Section Guidelines for Investigation and Remediation of Soil and Groundwater, Volume I, Sources Other Than Petroleum Underground Storage Tanks (May 1998) |
| Guidelines Vol. II | Groundwater Section Guidelines for Investigation and Remediation of Soil and Groundwater, Volume II, Petroleum Underground Storage Tanks (January 2, 1998) |
| HDPE | High Density Polyethylene |
| I/C | Industrial/Commercial |
| ID | Identification |
| I&E | Installations and Environment Department |
| IGWQS | Interim Groundwater Quality Standards |
| IPE | Isopropyl Ether |
| JA Jones | J.A. Jones Environmental Services Company, Charlotte, NC |
| LANTDIV | Atlantic Division |
| LSA | Limited Site Assessment |
| LUST | Leaking Underground Storage Tank |
| m- | meta |
| m | meter |
| MADEP | Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection |
| MCALF | Marine Corps Auxiliary Landing Field |
| MCAS | Marine Corps Air Station |
| MCB | Marine Corps Base |
| MCOLF | marine Corps Outlying Landing Field |
| Mid-Atlantic | Mid-Atlantic Associates, Inc. |
| MDL | Method Detection Limit |
| mg/Kg | Milligrams per Kilogram |
| mg/L | Milligrams per Liter |
| MRO | Mooreville Regional Office |
| MSCC | Maximum Soil Contamination Concentration |
| MSL | Mean Sea Level |
| MTBE | Methyl tertiary butyl ether |
| µg/Kg | Micrograms per Kilogram |
| µg/L | Micrograms per Liter |
| NA | Not Analyzed |
| N/A | Not Applicable |
| NC | North Carolina |
| NCAC | North Carolina Administrative Code |
| NCDENR | North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources |
| NCDOC | North Carolina Department of Corrections |
| NCDOT | North Carolina Department of Transportation |
| NCGWQS | North Carolina Groundwater Quality Standards |
| NCSP | North Carolina State Plane |
| NCSPA | North Carolina State Ports Authority |

LIST OF ACRONYMS (CON'T.)

| | |
|-------|---|
| NE | None Established |
| NM | Not Measured |
| NMT | No Measurable Thickness |
| NS | Not Sampled |
| | |
| o- | ortho |
| OVA | Organic Vapor Analyzer |
| | |
| p- | para |
| PAH | Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons |
| Pb | Lead |
| PLS | Professional Locating Service, Jacksonville, North Carolina |
| PPB | Parts Per Billion |
| PPM | Parts Per Million |
| PID | Photo Ionization Detector |
| PQL | Practical Quantitation Limit |
| PVC | Polyvinyl chloride |
| | |
| RBCA | Risk-Based Corrective Action |
| RCRA | Resource Conservation and Recovery Act |
| Res | Residential |
| ROI | Radius of Influence |
| RRO | Raleigh Regional Office |
| | |
| SOW | Scope of Work |
| STGW | Soil-to-Groundwater |
| SVE | Soil Vapor Extraction |
| SVOC | Semi-Volatile Organic Compound |
| | |
| TDHF | Toxicologically Defined Hydrocarbons Fractions |
| TCLP | Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure |
| TIC | Tentatively Identified Compound |
| TKN | Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen |
| TOC | Top of Casing |
| TPH | Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons |
| | |
| US | United States |
| USCS | Unified Soil Classification System |
| USEPA | United States Environmental Protection Agency |
| USGS | United States Geological Survey |
| UST | Underground Storage Tank |
| | |
| VOC | Volatile Organic Compounds |
| VPH | Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbons |
| | |
| WaRO | Washington Regional Office |
| WiRo | Wilmington Regional Office |
| WSRO | Winston-Salem Regional Office |

SOIL ASSESSMENT REPORT

1.0 SITE IDENTIFICATION

DATE OF REPORT: July 3, 2003
Facility ID: N/A UST Incident Number (if known): 23699
Site Name: UST TT-3140/3142
Site Location: TT-3140/3142, Bougainville Drive, MCB Camp Lejeune (Drawing 1.1)
Nearest City/Town: Jacksonville County: Onslow

UST Owner: Commanding General - MCB Camp Lejeune I&E/EMD/EOB
Address: MCB, PSC Box 20004, MCB Camp Lejeune, NC 28542 Phone: (910) 451-5068

UST Operator: Same as above
Address: Same as above Phone: Same as above

Property Owner: Same as above
Address: Same as above Phone: Same as above

Property Occupant: Two military families, Houses TT-3140 and TT-3142
Address: 3140 Bougainville Drive, Tarawa Terrace, NC 28543
Phone: Same as above

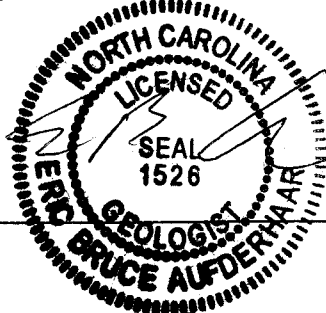
Consultant/Contractor: Mid-Atlantic Associates, Inc.
Address: 409 Rogers View Court, Raleigh, NC 27610 Phone: (919) 250-9918

RELEASE INFORMATION

Date Discovered: July 31, 2001
Longitude: 77.3806 W (W77°22'50.2") Latitude: 34.7411 N (N34°44'28.0" 0
Estimated Quantity of Release: Unknown
Cause of Release: Unknown
Source of Release (e.g. Piping/UST): USTs and associated piping are suspected
Sizes and contents of UST system(s) from which the release occurred:
550-gallon capacity heating oil UST

I Eric B. Aufderhaar a Professional Engineer (Licensed Geologist (circle one) for Mid-Atlantic Associates, Inc., do certify that the information in this report is correct and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

(Please Affix Seal and Signature)



2.0 SITE HISTORY

The following sections summarize the UST system previously located at the site along with the owners and operators of the UST system. Available UST history and ownership information is included in Tables 2.1 and 2.2.

The Marine Corps Base has been the sole owner/operator of the UST since it was installed at the TT-3140/3142 facility in approximately 1976. The 550-gallon fuel oil tank supplied fuel to heat the residential units until the tank was abandoned in the early 1990s. The Tarawa Terrace II (TTII) housing area was constructed between 1952 and 1965, based upon our review of a 1952 topographic map showing undeveloped, wooded land and a 1965 historical drawing from the MCB showing the TTII neighborhood and the building containing TT-3140/3142. The latter drawing, No. 957756, is titled "Index and Site Plan, Replace Oil Tanks, Tarawa Terrace II." This project involved replacement of aboveground heating oil tanks at numerous locations within TTII. Underground storage tank locations were not shown on the drawing at the TT-3140/3142 site or other buildings.

The 550-gallon capacity UST was removed by J.A. Jones in July 2001 and a UST closure assessment was performed. Based on the laboratory analysis results, petroleum-contaminated soils were identified. J.A. Jones completed additional sampling in September and October, 2001 (Section 5.1). Mid-Atlantic completed Phase I LSA fieldwork at the site in July 2002. We issued our final Phase I LSA report to the MCB on November 18, 2002. This report was subsequently submitted to DENR by the MCB. The DENR classified the site as "low risk" with "residential" land usage in a January 9, 2003 letter to the MCB. Within this letter, the DENR also requested that the MCB complete a SAR. On April 3, 2002, the DENR approved a June 30, 2003 deadline for submittal of the SAR report. This report fulfills the SAR report submittal request.

3.0 RECEPTOR INFORMATION

3.1 Update of LSA Receptor Survey

Mid-Atlantic conducted a receptor survey in July 2002 during our LSA investigation. The findings of the receptor survey assisted the NCDENR in classifying the site as low risk. A "Limited Site Assessment and Risk Classification and Land Use Form" for the site is provided as Appendix A. We are not aware of changes since July 2002 that would influence the site's risk classification.

3.2 Land Use

The subject site is located on a military reservation within an area used primarily for military housing. Eight questions listed in "Guidelines for Assessment and Corrective Action" prepared by the UST Section, DWM, NCDENR (hereafter 2001 *Guidelines*) were investigated during the LSA to further identify land use pertaining to the property containing the source area of the release. The results of this evaluation are presented in Part II ("Land Use") of the Limited Site Assessment and Risk Classification and Land Use Form (pages 5 - 7 of Appendix A). We did not identify changes in land use since our Phase I LSA land use evaluation in July 2002. A brief summary of our land use evaluation follows. Reference Appendix A for more specific information.

The TT-3140/3142 site contains two residential units for military personnel and their families. The two units are located on the east side of a building that contains four residential units, TT-3140, 3142, 3144 and 3146. The building has been used for housing since at least 1965. During our fieldwork in June 2002 and March 2003, we observed children playing outside or entering/exiting one or more of the four residences in the building. Children often pass by the UST TT-3140/3142 site on their way to nearby buildings and playgrounds. The MCB does not foresee changing the operational use of TT-II from a housing area in the next 20 years. However, individual buildings in TT-II (including the building containing TT-3140 to 3146) may be renovated depending on installation needs.

To further determine the land use of the subject site, four questions are asked about the properties surrounding the source area of the discharge or release. These questions were also investigated during our LSA and the results of this evaluation are presented in Part II ("Land Use") of the "Limited Site Assessment and Risk Classification and Land Use Form" (Pages 7-8 of Appendix A). We did not identify changes in land use since our July 2002 evaluation that would influence the site's risk classification. A brief summary of our land use evaluation follows. Reference Appendix A for more specific information.

Land use in the vicinity of the site is residential. Nearby buildings are used for housing of military personnel and their families. Many children reside in these homes and traverse sidewalks, grass and pavement in the site vicinity. Playgrounds are the closest places of public assembly; the closest playground is approximately 240 feet to the west-northwest. The MCB is not subject to local or county zoning requirements.

3.3 Property Owners and Occupants

The subject site and adjacent buildings are located on government-owned land. Therefore, individual properties are not delineated. Drawing 3.1 shows the location of nearby buildings in the TTII area. The names and usage of nearby buildings are listed in Table 3.1.

4.0 SITE GEOLOGY

According to the 1985 Geologic Map of North Carolina, prepared by the North Carolina Geological Survey Section of NCDENR, the subject site is located in the Coastal Plain physiographic province and is underlain by the "Belgrade Formation, Undivided" (geologic unit Tob). However, the site is within approximately 800 feet of a reported geologic contact between the Belgrade Formation and the River Bend Formation (geologic unit Tor). Therefore, characteristics of both geologic units may underlie the site. The Belgrade Formation consists of unconsolidated, sandy-texture shell beds of two lithologies – tan, somewhat leached, sandy-texture oyster shells and moderately phosphatic, slightly calcareous, silty, sandy-texture shells containing occasional thinly laminated olive clays³. The Belgrade Formation unconformably overlies the River Bend Formation and consists of calcarenite limestone overlain by and intercalated with sandy, molluscan-mold limestone (NCGS, 1985).

According to soil type data provided by the MCB⁴ and the Onslow Soil and Water Conservation District, NRCS, the project site is located in an area underlain by soil type BaB, the BayMeade Fine Sand. This soil type is considered well drained and is typically found on upland areas.

The migration and attenuation of contaminants in the subsurface are dependent, in part, on soil texture and structure. Soil texture refers to the size and arrangement of particles in the soil matrix and soil structure refers to the arrangement of soil particles into groups (e.g., stratification of sediments). In July 2002 and March 2003, Mid-Atlantic advanced a series of seven borings at the site with a variety of drilling methods (Drawing 4.1). Borings USTTT3140/3142-SB01 and USTTT3140/3142-MW01 were advanced in July 2002 using hand auger and hollow stem auger drilling

³ Page 113, Preliminary explanatory text for the 1985 Geologic Map of North Carolina, NC Geological Survey, November 4, 1988.

⁴ Digital dataset from MCB GIS Office, "Soil-Soil Unit," created by ESRI, 1982 from hardcopy maps published by the Soil Conservation Service, US Department of agriculture, Scale 1:24,000.

methods, respectively. Boring USTTT3140/3142-MW01 was subsequently converted to a temporary monitoring well. In March 2003, borings USTTT3140/3142-SB05 through USTTT3140/3142-SB09 were advanced with a PowerProbe™ DPT sampling unit. Mid-Atlantic refrained from using identification numbers SB02 through SB04 to prevent confusion with the soil borings advanced by J.A. Jones around the UST excavation in October 2001.

Soil samples were collected from the borings and visually classified to characterize subsurface soil conditions and prepare soil boring logs (Appendix B). In general, the soil borings placed on-site outside of the UST pit encountered dark brown fine sand (USCS soil type SP) and fine sand and silt (SM) soil types to 3 feet BLS, gray brown to brown fine sandy clay or clay (CL) between approximately 3 and 7.5 feet BLS, fine to medium sand (SP) between approximately 7.5 and 12 feet BLS, the maximum termination depth for the PowerProbe™ soil borings. One former soil boring, USTTT3140/3142-MW01 (hereafter MW-1), was advanced within the UST pit to a depth of 19 feet BLS. Soils collected from 13 to 15 feet BLS in the MW-1 boring consisted of white-brown fine sand (SP). Soil samples were not collected between 15 and 19 feet BLS from the MW-1 boring. Similar soil type profiles were encountered in the "background" soil borings, designated BKGD-1 and BKGD-2. Lithologic cross-sections are shown in Drawing 4.2. Drawing 4.1 denotes the starting and end points for the cross-sections.

On July 24, 2002, Mid-Atlantic measured the groundwater table at a depth of 10.7 feet BLS within former temporary monitoring well USTTT3140/3142-MW01. On March 25, 2003, we observed wet soils at depths of 6 feet BLS in the backfilled UST pit and 7.2 to 8 feet BLS in soil borings advanced outside of the UST pit. The March 25, 2003 fieldwork was completed following heavy precipitation the preceding week, while the July 24, 2002 measurement was obtained during drought conditions at the MCB.

5.0 SOIL INVESTIGATION

5.1 Summary of Historical Soil Sampling

J.A. Jones collected six soil samples from the excavation subsequent to tank removal (see Appendix C for sample locations and depths). These soil samples were obtained from the sidewalls and base of excavation (BOE) from depths of 3 feet and 8 feet BLS, respectively. The soil samples were shipped to Prism Laboratories, Inc. (Prism) in Charlotte, North Carolina for various laboratory tests. One soil sample collected from

immediately beneath the UST was tested for TPH by EPA preparation methods 5030 and 3550 with testing method 8015M. Additional samples collected on September 20, 2001 (BOE sample) and October 23, 2001 (sidewall samples) were tested for VPH and EPH by the MADEP methods, VOCs by EPA SW846 method 8260 and semi-VOCs by EPA SW846 method 8270.

The laboratory reported volatile TPH at 780 mg/Kg and semi-volatile TPH at 18,000 mg/Kg within the BOE soil sample collected on July 31, 2001 (Table 5.1). Prism also reported petroleum contaminants in the BOE soil sample collected on September 20, 2001. C9-C22 aromatic petroleum hydrocarbons (VPH and EPH) were also reported in the BOE soil sample at a concentration of 635.7 mg/Kg, greater than the residential MSCC of 469 mg/Kg (Table 5.2). The laboratory did not detect VPH or EPH in the sidewall samples at concentrations above the laboratory reporting limits (PQL).

In July 2002, one soil sample was collected adjacent to the former UST fuel oil supply and return lines. The soil sample, collected from 4 to 5 feet BLS, was tested by the RBCA methods appropriate for releases associated with fuel oil (VOCs, SVOCs, VPH and EPH). These tests were completed as recommended in the DWM Guidelines. The laboratory did not report the presence of VOC, SVOC, VPH or EPH compounds at concentrations greater than the PQLs. These laboratory results were presented in our *Phase I LSA*.

5.2 Soil Assessment Activities

LANTDIV and the MCB authorized Mid-Atlantic to perform a soil assessment in the vicinity of UST TT-3140/3142 where J.A. Jones reported the petroleum-contaminated soils at the base of the former UST excavation. In addition, LANTDIV and the MCB authorized Mid-Atlantic to complete two soil borings at "background" locations in the vicinity of Building TT-3140-3146 (Drawing 3.1). The primary purpose for advancing these additional borings was to collect soil samples for laboratory analysis from a similar depth and soil type to the BOE sample collected by J.A. Jones. This J.A. Jones sample, collected from 8 feet BLS on September 20, 2001, was reported with C9-C22 aromatic petroleum hydrocarbons at 635.7 mg/Kg. The background samples collected by Mid-Atlantic were tested for VPH and EPH to evaluate if naturally occurring compounds within the C9-C22 range may be present at the site.

A total of seven borings were advanced using a PowerProbe™ DPT sampling unit on March 25, 2003. CATLIN of Wilmington, North Carolina provided Mid-Atlantic with soil sample collection services. Five DPT borings were advanced with the PowerProbe™ in the vicinity of the former UST location in an effort to assess the extent of SVOC-impacted soils detected previously (Drawing 5.1). One of the five borings (USTTT3140/3142-SB05) was advanced in the center of the UST pit near the former J.A. Jones BOE soil sample location. The purpose of this soil boring was to evaluate the nature of the soil backfill material, note observations regarding evidence of petroleum contaminants and collect a soil sample from a similar depth interval as J.A. Jones. Four additional borings (USTTT3140/3142-SB06 through SB09) were placed to surround the location where impacted soil had been identified during previous assessments. Two soil borings (BKGD-1 and BKGD-2) were advanced in "background" locations, as previously discussed. Soil samples were obtained using the PowerProbe's sampling tools and were collected from four-foot long, clear acetate sampling tubes.

One soil sample was selected from each boring for laboratory analysis. The sample collected from 8 to 10 feet BLS at boring USTTT3140/3142-SB05 (hereafter SB05), advanced in the center of the UST pit, was selected for laboratory testing. Soil samples from 7 to 8.5 feet BLS within background borings BKGD-1 and BKGD-2 were selected for laboratory analysis. The selected soil samples from SB05, BKGD-1 and BKGD-2 were collected from a similar-appearing, white-brown fine or fine to medium Sand. The other soil samples selected for laboratory testing were collected from depths in the unsaturated zone where we observed apparent petroleum-contaminated soils (odor, staining) or the soil samples indicated elevated OVA readings. A representative portion of each soil sample was placed into pre-labeled, laboratory-supplied glassware and placed on ice. The selected samples were shipped under chain-of-custody to Paradigm Analytical Laboratories, Inc. (Paradigm) in Wilmington, North Carolina for analysis. The soil samples were tested for VOCs using EPA Methods 8260/5035, SVOCs using EPA Method 8270 (including TICs) and VPH and EPH using the MADEP Methods. The "background" soil samples were tested for VPH and EPH only.

Copies of the laboratory analytical reports for soil samples collected during this assessment are included in Appendix D and summarized in Table 5.3. The laboratory results from the March 25, 2003 sampling event are as follows:

EPA Method 8260B (includes DIPE and MTBE)

As indicated in Table 5.3 and illustrated in Drawing 5.2, nine VOC compounds (sec-butylbenzene, ethylbenzene, isopropylbenzene, 4-isopropylbenzene, naphthalene, n-propylbenzene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene and total xylenes) were detected in soil sample USTT3140/3142-SB09, 5.5-7' (SB09, 5.5-7') at concentrations above the laboratory PQLs but below the applicable Residential and Industrial/Commercial MSCCs. No other VOCs were detected in the SAR soil samples at concentrations above the laboratory PQLs.

EPA Method 8270

As indicated in Table 5.3 and illustrated in Drawing 5.3, five SVOC compounds (acenaphthene, fluorene, 2-methylnaphthalene, naphthalene and phenanthrene) were detected in soil sample SB09, 5.5-7' at concentrations above the laboratory PQLs but below the applicable Residential and Industrial/Commercial MSCCs. No other SVOCs were detected in the SAR soil samples at concentrations above the laboratory PQLs.

Paradigm reported the SVOC TIC 1-methylnaphthalene in sample SB09, 5.5 - 7' with a 100% match probability. The laboratory estimated the concentration of 1-methylnaphthalene at 11 mg/Kg in SB-9, 5.5-7'. Nine other unknown TICs were reported in sample SB-9, 5.5-7' with a total estimated concentration of 34.4 mg/Kg. These unknown TICs were reported by the laboratory as "alkane, unknown", "carboxylic acid, unknown" or "unknown".

MADEP VPH/EPH

As indicated in Table 5.3 and illustrated in Drawing 5.4, the laboratory reported concentrations of VPH and EPH in samples SB05, 8-10', USTTT3140/3142-SB06, 6-8' (SB06, 6-8') and SB09, 5.5-7' at concentrations in excess of laboratory PQLs. All of the reported VPH and/or EPH concentrations are below Residential and Industrial/Commercial MSCCs. Contaminants in the C5-C8 aliphatic fraction range were reported at 11 mg/Kg in soil sample SB09, 5-7'. Contaminants in the C9-C18 aliphatic fraction range were reported in sample SB05, 8-10' (56 mg/Kg), SB07, 4-6' (15 mg/Kg) and SB09, 5.5-7' (330 mg/Kg). Two samples were reported with contaminants in the C19-C36 aliphatic fraction range, SB05, 8-10' (19 mg/Kg) and SB09, 5.5-7' (40 mg/Kg). Three samples were reported with contaminants in the

C9-C22 aromatic fraction range, SB05, 8-10' (67 mg/Kg), SB06, 6-8' (17 mg/Kg) and SB09, 5.5-7' (143 mg/Kg). The laboratory did not report VPH or EPH contaminants in the two background soils samples (BKGD-1 and BKGD-2).

6.0 SOIL ASSESSMENT CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results of this SAR and our review of previous assessment reports, we offer the following conclusions and recommendations:

- The concentrations of petroleum contaminants at the base of the former UST excavation have decreased nearly ten-fold since UST closure. The concentration of C9-C22 aromatics has decreased from 635.7 mg/Kg in September 2001 to 67 mg/Kg in March 2003 (the Residential MSCC for C9-C22 aromatics is 469 mg/Kg). Both samples were collected from a similar depth. A reason for this decrease in contaminant concentrations may include natural attenuation of petroleum contaminants following removal of the contaminant source (fuel oil UST) on July 31, 2001.
- Petroleum-contaminated soils were also identified in soil samples collected from the north side (6-8 feet BLS), east side (4-6 feet BLS), and west side (5.5-7 feet BLS) of the former UST excavation. However, the detected concentrations of VOCs, SVOCs, and petroleum hydrocarbons (VPH and EPH) are below Residential and Industrial/ Commercial MSCCs. The lateral and vertical extent of petroleum-contaminated soils in excess of the Residential MSCCs has been delineated.
- VPH and EPH compounds were not reported by the laboratory in "background" soil samples collected from similar depths and soil types as sample SB05, 8-10' and the former BOE sample collected by J.A. Jones (8 feet BLS). The laboratory results suggest that the detected concentrations of C9-C22 aromatics in the soil samples were not naturally occurring.
- Depth to groundwater, based on our previous work in July 2002 and March 2003, ranged from 10.7 feet BLS (during drought conditions) to approximately 6 feet BLS (after several rainfall events) within the former UST basin. We noted wet soils at approximately 8 feet BLS outside of the former UST pit during March 2003. The shallower depth to groundwater within the UST pit may be attributable to groundwater preferentially accumulating within the sand backfill, creating a localized mound.

- Based on assessment data collected to date, petroleum contaminants are present in the soils at concentrations less than the Residential and Industrial MSCCs. Therefore, remediation of the soils should not be required by DENR.

Based on our knowledge of the requirements in *Guidelines for Assessment and Corrective Action (DENR, 2001)*, and our experience, Mid-Atlantic recommends the following:

- The MCB should submit this report to the DENR and request that the UST TT-3140/3142 site be considered for no further action status.

7.0 EVALUATION OF REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES FOR SOIL

Based on the laboratory results from sampling events completed in September 2001 and March 2003, the concentration of C9-C22 aromatics reported in soils collected from the base of the former UST excavation have decreased from 635.7 mg/Kg to 67 mg/Kg. The 67 mg/Kg concentration is less than the Residential MSCC of 469 mg/Kg, therefore soil remediation should not be required. Other contaminants identified from the March 2003 sampling event were at concentrations below the Residential and Industrial/Commercial MSCCs. Soil samples obtained from the former excavation sidewalls (3 feet BLS) in October 2001 were not reported with contaminants above the laboratory PQLs.

8.0 PROPOSED SOIL REMEDIATION

As stated in Section 7.0, soil remediation should not be required by the DENR. The site was assigned a "low risk" classification and "residential" land usage.

8.1 Regulatory Status of Excavated Soil

Not Applicable

8.2 Excavation Equipment

Not Applicable

8.3 Excavation, Backfilling and Sampling Procedures

Not Applicable

8.4 Cost Estimate for Remedial Alternative

Not Applicable

8.5 Schedule

Not Applicable

8.6 Public Notice

Not Applicable

9.0 LIMITATIONS

The opinions included herein are based on our experience and the information obtained during the study. This report is based on limited observations made on the dates noted using the procedures described herein. If additional information becomes available, we request the opportunity to review the information, re-assess the potential environmental concerns and modify our conclusions and recommendations, if appropriate.

10.0 REFERENCES

J.A. Jones Environmental Services, 2002, Underground Storage Tank Closure Report, TT-3140/3142, Camp Lejeune, Onslow County, NC, J.A. Jones Environmental Services, January 10, 2002.

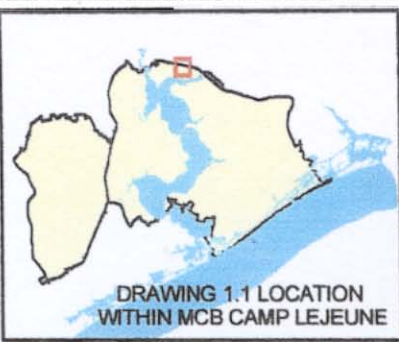
Mid-Atlantic, 2002, "Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) Phase I Limited Site Assessment Report for UST TT-3140/3142" Mid-Atlantic Associates, P.A., Raleigh, North Carolina, November 12, 2002.

North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, *Guidelines for Assessment and Corrective Action, North Carolina Underground Storage Tank Section* (Effective July 1, 2001).

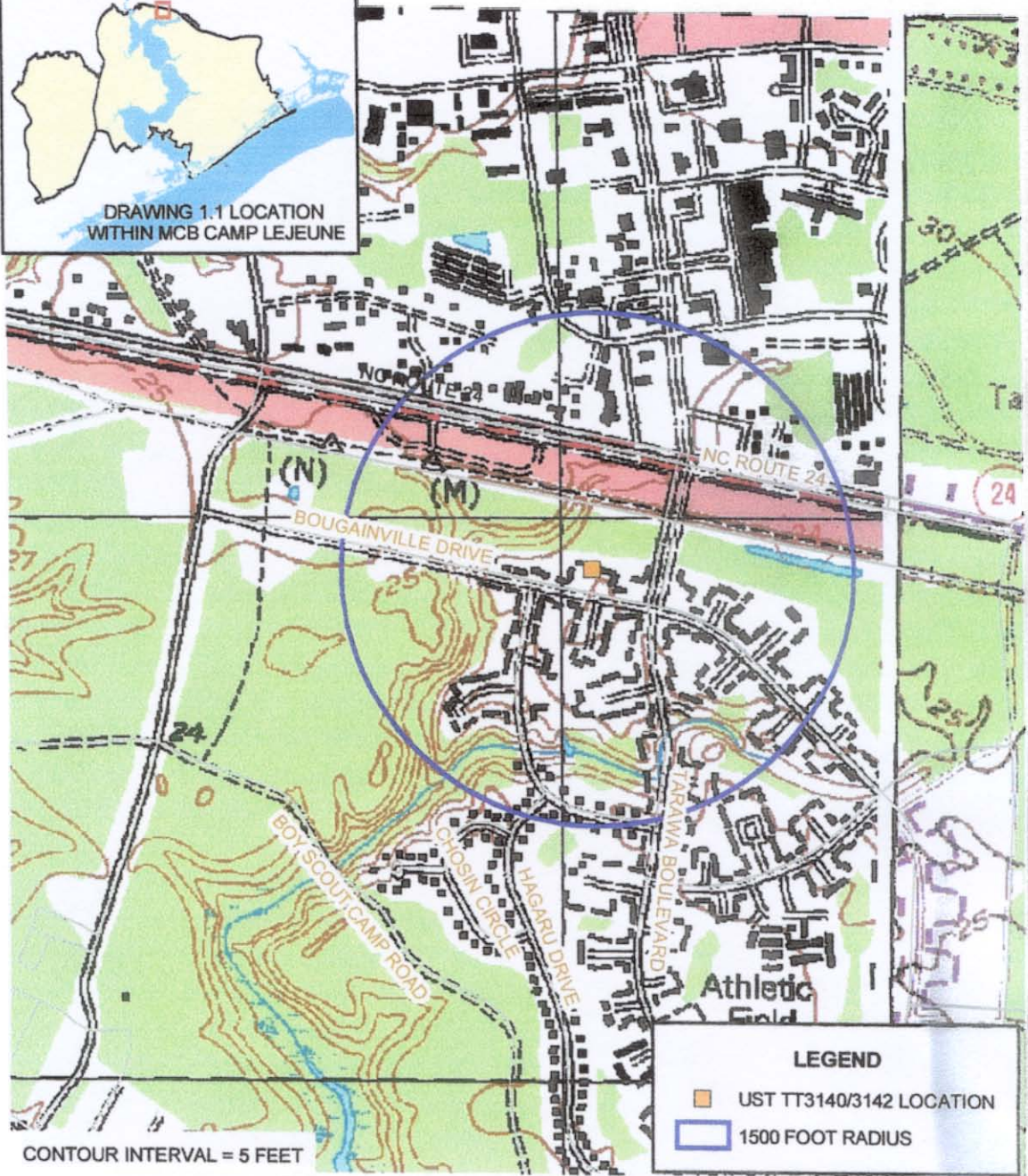
North Carolina Geological Survey, 1985, *Geologic Map of North Carolina (Scale 1:500,000)*.

Winner, M.D., Jr., and Coble, R.W., 1989, *Hydrogeologic Framework of the North Carolina Coastal Plain Aquifer System: U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 87-690*, 155 p.

DRAWINGS



DRAWING 1.1 LOCATION
WITHIN MCB CAMP LEJEUNE



CONTOUR INTERVAL = 5 FEET

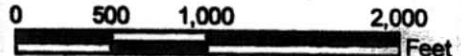
LEGEND

- UST TT3140/3142 LOCATION
- 1500 FOOT RADIUS

REFERENCE:

JACKSONVILLE SOUTH AND CAMP LEJEUNE, NC
DRG FILES, USGS (1997). SCANNED FROM 1:24,000
SCALE TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS WITH SIMILAR NAMES,
PUBLISHED 1997 AND 1971, RESPECTIVELY, USGS

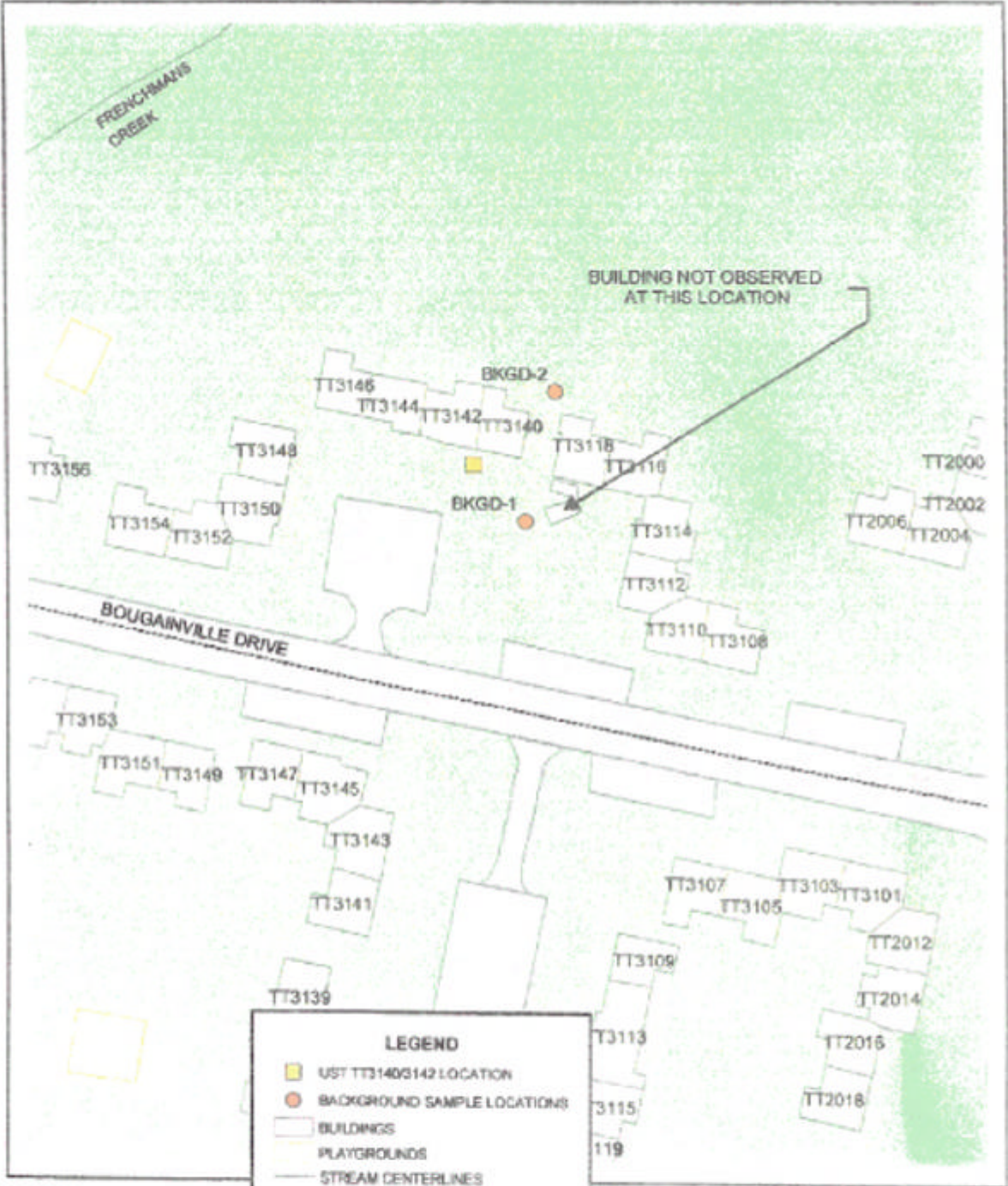
SCALE: 1:12,000



MID-ATLANTIC ASSOCIATES, INC.
Environmental & Engineering Solutions

TOPOGRAPHIC SITE MAP
WITH 1500 FT. RADIUS
LUST TT3140/3142, TARAWA TERRACE II
MARINE CORPS BASE
CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA

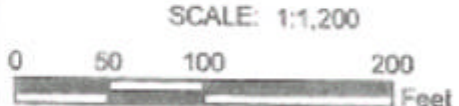
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| ENG. CHECK: <i>DW</i> | GIS NO: 01G-1243.57-1 |
| APPROVAL: <i>DA</i> | DWG NO: 1.1 |



LEGEND

- UST TT3140/3142 LOCATION
- BACKGROUND SAMPLE LOCATIONS
- BUILDINGS
- PLAYGROUNDS
- STREAM CENTERLINES
- ROAD CENTER LINES
- PAVEMENT
- BASE PROPERTY

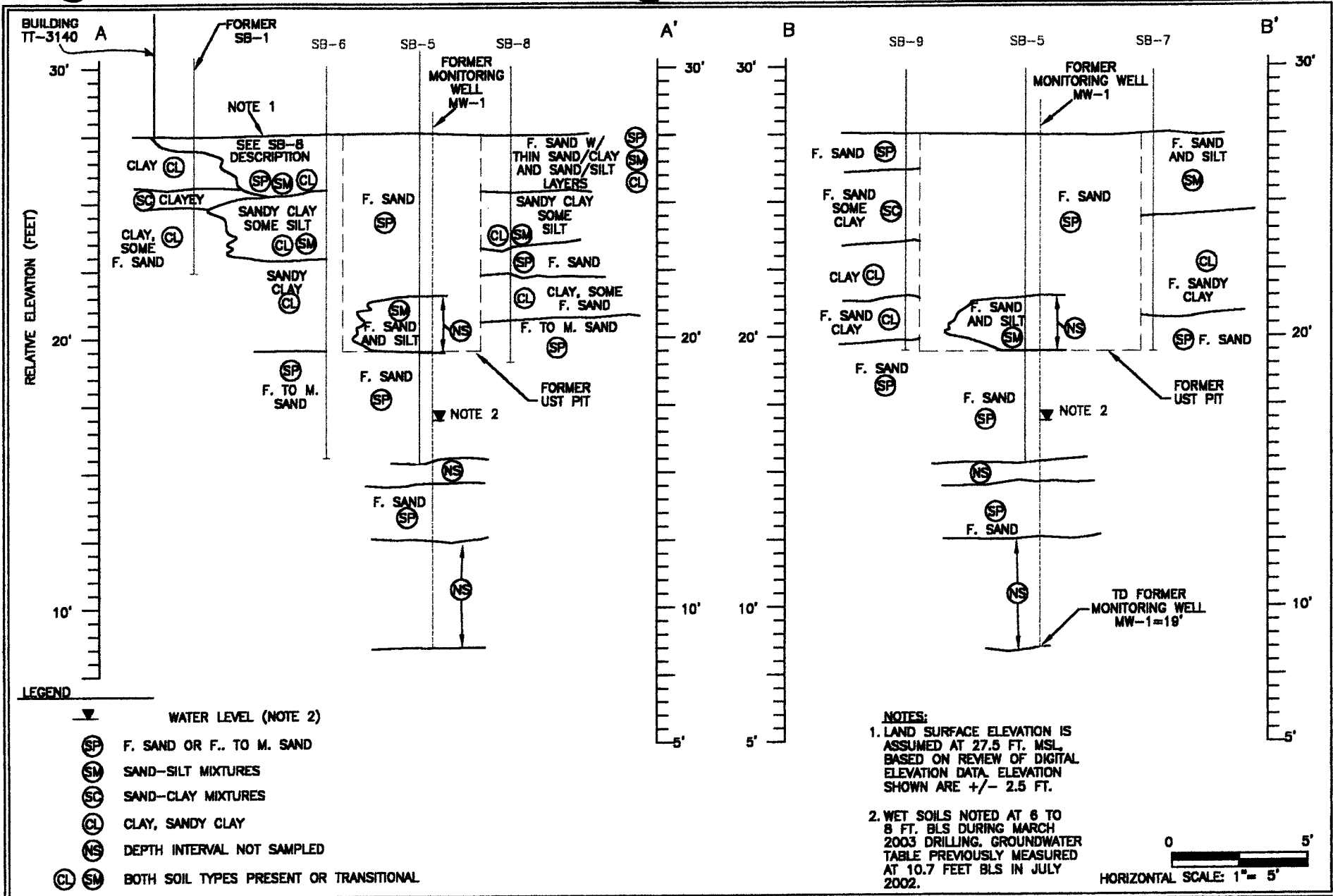
REFERENCE:
GIS DATA LAYERS FROM
CAMP LEJEUNE GIS OFFICE.



MID-ATLANTIC ASSOCIATES, INC.
Environmental & Engineering Services

SITE LOCATION WITH NEARBY BUILDINGS
AND BACKGROUND SAMPLE LOCATIONS
LUST TT3140/3142 - TARAWA TERRACE II
MARINE CORPS BASE
CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA

| | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| DRAWN BY: EBA | DATE: MAY 2003 |
| DRAFT CHECK: <i>CAF</i> | JOB NO: 000R1243.57 |
| ENG. CHECK: <i>DAJ</i> | GIS NO: 01G-1243.57-2 |
| APPROVAL: <i>CAF</i> | DWG NO: 31 |



MID-ATLANTIC ASSOCIATES, INC.
Engineering & Environmental Solutions

LITHOLOGIC CROSS-SECTIONS
 SAR, LUST TT-3140/3142
 MARINE CORPS BASE
 CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA

| | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| DRAWN BY: <i>[Signature]</i> | DATE: MAY 2003 |
| DRAFT CHECK: <i>EJA</i> | JOB NO: 00OR1243.57 |
| ENG CHECK: <i>DN</i> | CAD NO: 01-124307-57 |
| APPROVAL: <i>EJA</i> | DWG NO: 4.2 |



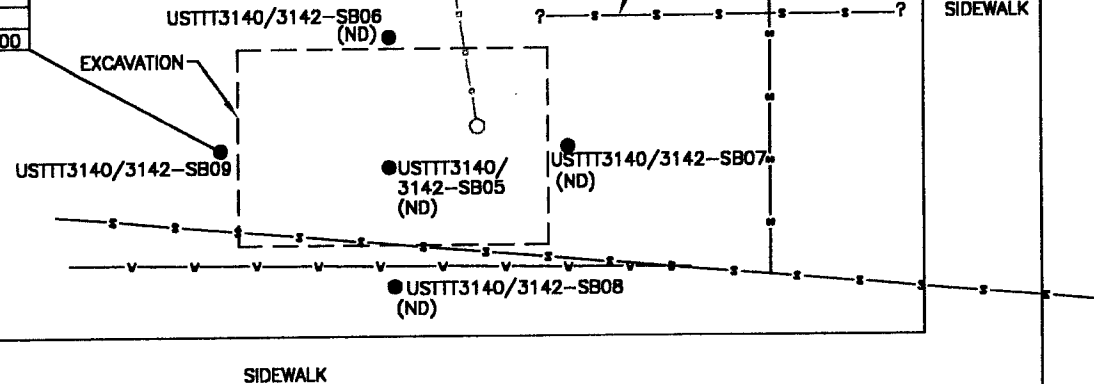
HOUSE TT-3140/3142

TT-3140 ENTRANCE

TT-3142 ENTRANCE

| SB-9 5.5-7' (mg/kg) | MSCC |
|---------------------|------|
| S-B | 1.0 |
| E | .34 |
| I | .39 |
| 4-I | .79 |
| N | 1.8 |
| N-P | .66 |
| 1,2,4-T | 8.10 |
| 1,3,5-T | 3.20 |
| X | 1.50 |

APPROXIMATELY
135' TO
BOUGAINVILLE DRIVE



LOCATED JULY 2002,
NOT IDENTIFIED
- MARCH 2003

BKGD-2
LOCATION

BKGD-1
LOCATION

LEGEND

- BKGD-2 BACKGROUND SOIL SAMPLE (BORING) LOCATION
- USTTT3140/3142-SB01 SOIL SAMPLE (BORING) LOCATION
- Sewer Line
- Water Line
- Former Fuel Delivery Line (APPROXIMATE LOCATION)
- Grass

NOTE: DATA LEGEND

- S-B = SEC-BUTYLBENZENE
- E = ETHYLBENZENE
- I = ISOPROPYLBENZENE
- 4-I = 4-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE
- N = NAPHTHALENE
- N-P = N-PROPYLBENZENE
- 1,2,4-T = 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE
- 1,3,5-T = 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE
- X = TOTAL XYLENES
- ND = (NOT DETECTED) ABOVE LABORATORY'S PRACTICAL QUANTITATION LIMIT
- mg/kg = MILLIGRAMS PER KILOGRAM

| SAMPLE I.D. | SAMPLE DEPTH | CONCENTRATION (mg/kg) | RESIDENTIAL MAXIMUM SOIL CONTAMINANT CONCENTRATION (mg/kg) |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------|--|
| SB-9 5.5-7' | | 1.0 | 156 |
| S-B | | 1.0 | 156 |



MID-ATLANTIC ASSOCIATES, INC.
Engineering & Environmental Solutions

SOIL SAMPLE LABORATORY
RESULTS-EPA METHOD 8260B
SAR LUST TT-3140/3142
MARINE CORPS BASE
CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA

DRAWN BY: *[Signature]*
DRAFT CHECK: *[Signature]*
ENG CHECK: *[Signature]*
APPROVAL: *[Signature]*

DATE: MAY 2003
JOB NO: 000R1243.57
CAD NO: 01-124304-57
DWG NO: 5.2



HOUSE TT-3140/3142

| | | |
|-------------|--------------|------|
| SB-5 | 6-8' (mg/kg) | MSCC |
| SVOCs, 8270 | ND | NA |
| TICs (EST) | 29.5 | NA |

TT-3140 ENTRANCE

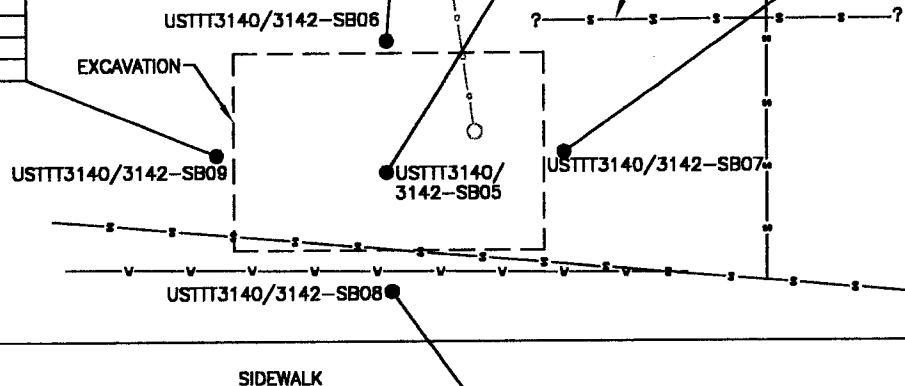
| | | |
|-------------|---------------|------|
| SB-6 | 8-10' (mg/kg) | MSCC |
| SVOCs, 8270 | ND | NA |
| TICs (EST) | 1.1 | NA |

LOCATED JULY 2002,
NOT IDENTIFIED
- MARCH 2003

TT-3142 ENTRANCE

| | | |
|-------------|----------------|------|
| SB-9 | 5.5-7' (mg/kg) | MSCC |
| A | .53 | 940 |
| F | 1.4 | 620 |
| 2-M | 17.0 | 63 |
| N | 3.5 | 63 |
| Ph | 2.7 | 469 |
| 1-MN | 11.0 (EST) | NA |
| OTHER (EST) | 34.4 (EST) | NA |

APPROXIMATELY
135' TO
BOUGAINVILLE DRIVE



| | | |
|-------------|--------------|------|
| SB-7 | 4-6' (mg/kg) | MSCC |
| SVOCs, 8270 | ND | NA |
| TICs (EST) | 1.4 | NA |

BKGD-2
LOCATION
(NOT TESTED)

LEGEND

- BKGD-2 BACKGROUND SOIL SAMPLE (BORING) LOCATION
- USTTT3140/3142-SB01 SOIL SAMPLE (BORING) LOCATION
- SEWER LINE
- v-v-v- WATER LINE
- o-o-o- FORMER FUEL DELIVERY LINE (APPROXIMATE LOCATION)
- GRASS

| | | |
|-------------|----------------|------|
| SB-8 | 5.5-7' (mg/kg) | MSCC |
| SVOCs, 8270 | ND | NA |
| TICs (EST) | 0.5 | NA |

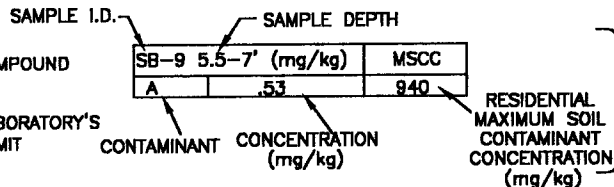
BKGD-1
LOCATION
(NOT TESTED)



NOTE: DATA LEGEND

- A= ACENAPHTHENE
- F= FLUORENE
- 2-M= 2-METHYLNAPHTHALENE
- N= NAPHTHALENE
- Ph= PHENANTHRENE
- 1-MN= 1-METHYLNAPHTHALENE
- TIC= TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUND
- (EST.)= ESTIMATED CONCENTRATION

ND-(NOT DETECTED) ABOVE LABORATORY'S
PRACTICAL QUANTITATION LIMIT
mg/kg-MILLIGRAMS PER KILOGRAM



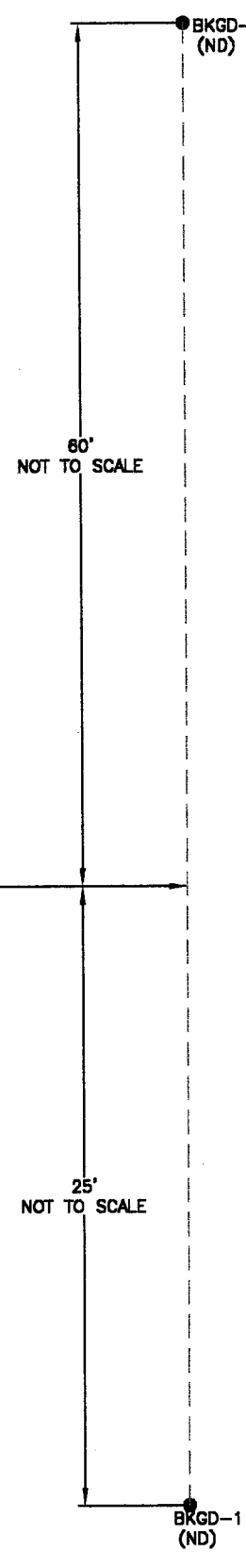
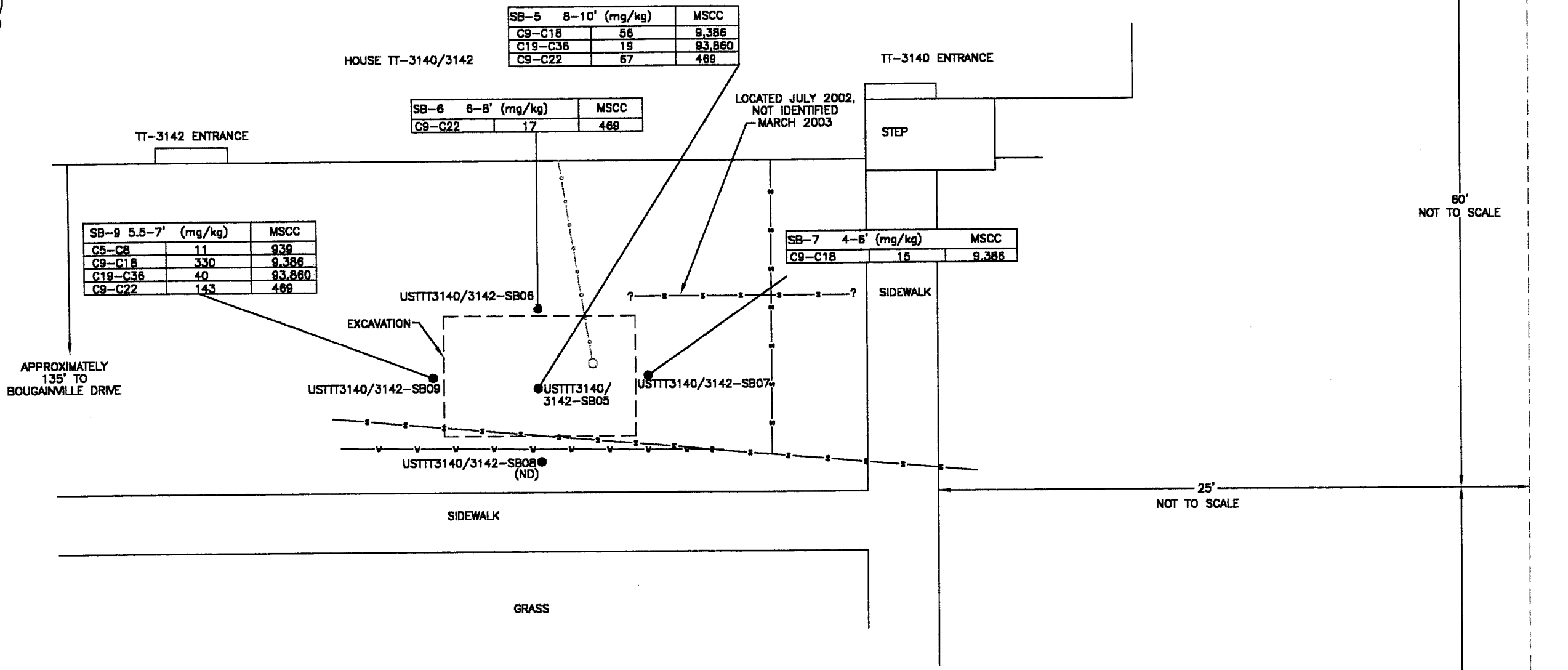
MID-ATLANTIC ASSOCIATES, INC.
Engineering & Environmental Solutions

SOIL SAMPLE LABORATORY
RESULTS-EPA METHOD 8270
SAR LUST TT-3140/3142
MARINE CORPS BASE
CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA

DRAWN BY: *[Signature]*
DRAFT CHECK: *[Signature]*
ENG CHECK: *[Signature]*
APPROVAL: *[Signature]*

DATE: MAY 2003
JOB NO: 000R1243.57
CAD NO: 01-124305-57
DWG NO: 5.3

REFERENCE: J.A. JONES ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES SITE MAP DATED 7/31/01; MID-ATLANTIC DRAWING 01-124302-29.



| SB-9 5.5-7' (mg/kg) MSCC | | |
|--------------------------|-----|--------|
| C5-C8 | 11 | 9,399 |
| C9-C18 | 330 | 9,386 |
| C19-C36 | 40 | 93,860 |
| C9-C22 | 143 | 469 |

| SB-5 8-10' (mg/kg) MSCC | | |
|-------------------------|----|--------|
| C9-C18 | 56 | 9,386 |
| C19-C36 | 19 | 93,860 |
| C9-C22 | 67 | 469 |

| SB-6 6-8' (mg/kg) MSCC | | |
|------------------------|----|-----|
| C9-C22 | 17 | 469 |

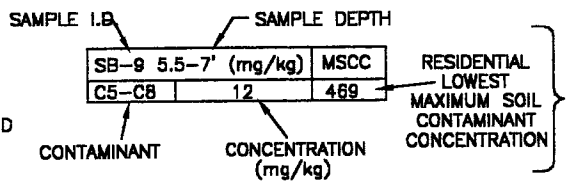
| SB-7 4-6' (mg/kg) MSCC | | |
|------------------------|----|-------|
| C9-C18 | 15 | 9,386 |

LEGEND

- BKGD-2 BACKGROUND SOIL SAMPLE (BORING) LOCATION
- USTTT3140/3142-SB01 SOIL SAMPLE (BORING) LOCATION
- — — — — SEWER LINE
- v — v — v — WATER LINE
- - - - - FORMER FUEL DELIVERY LINE (APPROXIMATE LOCATION)

NOTE: DATA LEGEND

C5-C8=C5-C8 ALIPHATICS
 C9-C18=C9-C18 ALIPHATICS
 C19-C36=C19-C36 ALIPHATICS
 C9-C22=C9-C22 AROMATICS
 ND-(NOT DETECTED) MADEP VPH AND
 EPH NOT DETECTED
 mg/kg-MILLIGRAMS PER KILOGRAM

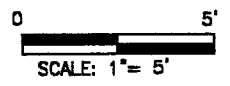


| | |
|---------|--------------|
| DATE: | MAY 2003 |
| JOB NO: | 000R1243.57 |
| CAD # | 01-124306-57 |
| DWG NO: | 5.4 |
| DATE: | MAY 2003 |
| JOB NO: | 000R1243.57 |
| CAD # | 01-124306-57 |
| DWG NO: | 5.4 |

SOIL SAMPLE LABORATORY RESULTS—
 MADEP VPH AND EPH
 SAR LUST TT-3140/3142
 MARINE CORPS BASE
 CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA

MID-ATLANTIC ASSOCIATES, INC.
Engineering & Environmental Solutions

REFERENCE: J.A. JONES ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES SITE MAP DATED 7/31/01; MID-ATLANTIC DRAWING 01-124302-29.



TABLES

**TABLE 2.1
SITE HISTORY
UST SYSTEM INFORMATION**

| UST ID Number | Product (gasoline, diesel, jet fuel, etc.) | Capacity (gallons) | Date Installed (m/dd/yy) | Date Permanently Closed (P), or Still in Use* (C) (m/dd/yy) | Was Release Associated With UST System? (Yes / No) |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| TT-3140/3142 | Heating Oil | 550 | 1976 | 7/31/01 (P) | Yes |

* Still in use means not permanently closed.

**TABLE 2.2
SITE HISTORY
UST OWNER/OPERATOR INFORMATION**

| Dates of Ownership/Operation (m/dd/yy) to (m/dd/yy) | UST ID Number | Name of Owner or Operator (indicate which) | Usage of UST at Site |
|--|----------------------|---|---|
| 1976 to 7/31/01 | UST TT-3140/3142 | Marine Corps Base – Owner | Heating Oil Supply to Home Heating System |
| Address | | Telephone Number | |
| Commanding General (Attn: I&E, EMD/IRD) Marine Corps Base PSC Box 20004 Camp Lejeune, NC 28542-0004 | | (910) 451-5068 | |

TABLE 3.1**BUILDING OCCUPANTS NEAR PROJECT SITE**Date: May 2003 Incident No./Name: 23699/Tarawa Terrace 3140 Facility ID #: N/A**PART A: PROPERTY OWNERSHIP INFORMATION**

| Tax Parcel Number/Map ID | Owner Name (Last, First, MI) | Address |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| N/A | Commanding General Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune, NC | I&E/EMD/EQB PSC Box 20004 Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune, NC 28542 |

PART B: BUILDING OCCUPANT INFORMATION

| Building ID (Reference Drawing 3.1) | Building Occupants | Usage of Building¹ |
|---|--|---|
| TT3140 to TT3146 [includes subject site] | Military Families (4 families at maximum occupancy) | Military Family Housing for Enlisted Personnel, Rank E1 to E5 |
| TT3108 to TT3118 | Military Families (6 families at maximum occupancy) | Military Family Housing for Enlisted Personnel, Rank E1 to E5 |

N/A = Not Applicable. The entire surrounding area is used for military housing.

¹ Based on review of MCB family housing internet site
(www.lejeune.usmc.mil/family_housing/)

Table 5.1: Summary of Soil Sampling Results (mg/Kg), UST Closure Assessment

Date: May 2003 Incident Number and Name: 23699, Tarawa Terrace 3140/3142 Facility ID#: N/A

| Analytical Method (e.g., VOC by EPA 8260) → | | | TPH 5030/ 8015M | TPH 5030/ 8015M | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sample ID | Contaminant of Concern → | | Volatile TPH (gasoline range) | Semi-Volatile TPH (diesel fuel range) | | | | |
| | Date Collected (m/dd/yy) | Sample Depth (ft BLS) | | | | | | |
| TT-3140/3142 | 7/31/01 | 8 | 780 | 18,000 | | | | |
| TPH Action Level | | | 10 | 10 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

Bold = Concentration shown exceeds TPH action level.

ft. BLS = feet below land surface

Results are reported in mg/kg (milligrams per kilogram)

Table 5.2: Summary of Soil Sampling Results (mg/Kg), JA Jones Additional Sampling (RBCA) and Limited Site Assessment

Date: May 2003 Incident Number and Name: 23699, Tarawa Terrace 3140/3142 Facility ID#: N/A

| Analytical Method (e.g., VOC by EPA 8260) → | | | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | MADEP VPH | MADEP VPH | MADEP EPH | MADEP EPH | MADEP VPH | MADEP EPH |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Sample ID | Contaminant of Concern → | | sec-Butylbenzene | Ethylbenzene | Isopropylbenzene | 4-Isopropyltoluene | Naphthalene (EPA 8260 Test) | n-Propylbenzene | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | Total Xylenes | Acenaphthene | Fluorene | 2-Methylnaphthalene | Naphthalene | Phenanthrene | TIC 1-methylnaphthalene (Probability. Listed) | TIC Carboxylic Acid, Unknown (Probability. Listed) | Other TICs (Total) | C5-C8 Aliphatics | C9-C12 Aliphatics | C9-C18 Aliphatics | C19-C36 Aliphatics | C9-C10 Aromatics | C11-C22 Aromatics |
| | Date Collected (m/dd/yy) | Sample Depth (ft BLS) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -R [JA Jones] | 9/20/01 | 8' | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <3.5 | <3.5 | <3.5 | <3.5 | <3.5 | NT | NT | NT | <7 | 7.8 | 830 | 390 | 5.7 | 630 |
| -1 [JA Jones] | 10/23/01 | 3' | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.003 | <.003 | <.003 | <.003 | <.003 | NT | NT | NT | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| -2 [JA Jones] | 10/23/01 | 3' | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.003 | <.003 | <.003 | <.003 | <.003 | NT | NT | NT | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| -3 [JA Jones] | 10/23/01 | 3' | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.003 | <.003 | <.003 | <.003 | <.003 | NT | NT | NT | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| -4 [JA Jones] | 10/23/01 | 3' | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.005 | <.003 | <.003 | <.003 | <.003 | <.003 | NT | NT | NT | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| SB01 [MAA-LSA] | 7/24/02 | 4 - 5' | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.360 | <.360 | <.360 | <.360 | <.360 | Not ID'd | Not ID'd | Not ID'd | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Soil to groundwater MSCC (mg/kg) | | | 3 | 0.24 | 2 | Not Est. | 0.58 | 2 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 8 | 44 | 3 | 0.58 | 60 | NA | NA | NA | 72 | 3,255 | Immobile | 34 | | |
| Residential MSCC (mg/kg) | | | 156 | 1,560 | 1,564 | Not Est. | 63 | 156 | 782 | 782 | 32,000 | 940 | 620 | 63 | 63 | 469 | NA | NA | NA | 939 | 9,386 | 93,860 | 469 | | |
| Industrial/Commercial MSCC (mg/kg) | | | 4,088 | 40,000 | 40,880 | Not Est. | 1,635 | 4,088 | 20,440 | 20,440 | 200,000 | 24,000 | 16,400 | 1,635 | 1,635 | 12,264 | NA | NA | NA | 24,528 | 245,280 | HBL >100% | 12,264 | | |

Notes:
 DENR has assigned this site with "Residential" land usage
 Bold = Concentration shown exceeds Residential MSCC but is below Industrial/Commercial MSCC.
 MSCC = maximum soil contaminant concentration
 HBL = Health Based Level
 ft. BLS = feet below land surface
 Results are reported in mg/kg (milligrams per kilogram)
 <.66 = Not detected at or above method detection limit.
 NT = Not tested for this parameter
 Not I.D.'d = Not Identified
 Not Est. = MSCC not established
 MAA-LSA = Mid-Atlantic Associates, Inc., Phase I Limited Site Assessment, July 2002 (sampling event). Soil sample collected from vicinity of former fuel delivery lines.
 JA Jones = JA Jones Environmental Services, Additional Soil Sampling for Risk Based Corrective Action (RBCA) parameters, September and October 2001.

Table 5.3: Summary of Soil Sampling Results (mg/Kg), Soil Assessment Report

Date: May 2003 Incident Number and Name: 23699, Tarawa Terrace 3140/3142 Facility ID#: N/A

| Analytical Method (e.g., VOC by EPA 8260) → | | | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8260 | VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | Semi- VOC EPA 8270 | MADEP VPH | MADEP VPH | MADEP EPH | MADEP EPH | MADEP VPH | MADEP EPH | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|---|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Sample ID | Contaminant of Concern → | | sec-Butylbenzene | Ethylbenzene | Isopropylbenzene | 4-Isopropyltoluene | Naphthalene (EPA 8260 Test) | n-Propylbenzene | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | Total Xylenes | Acenaphthene | Fluorene | 2-Methylnaphthalene | Naphthalene | Phenanthrene | TIC 1-methylnaphthalene (Probability, Listed [estimated concentration]) | TIC Carboxylic Acid, Unknown (Probability, Listed [estimated concentration]) | Other TICs (Total) [estimated concentration] | C5-C8 Aliphatics | C9-C12 Aliphatics | C9-C18 Aliphatics | C19-C36 Aliphatics | C9-C10 Aromatics | C11-C22 Aromatics |
| | Date Collected (m/dd/yy) | Sample Depth (ft BLS) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB05 8-10' | 3/25/03 | 8 - 10' | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.37 | <.37 | <.37 | <.37 | <.37 | Not ID'd. | Not ID'd. | 10 [29.5] | <10 | 15 | 41 | 19 | <10 | 67 |
| SB06 6-8' | 3/25/03 | 6 - 8' | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.36 | <.36 | <.36 | <.36 | <.36 | Not ID'd. | Not ID'd. | 2 [1.1] | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | 17 |
| SB07 4-6' | 3/25/03 | 4 - 6' | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.37 | <.37 | <.37 | <.37 | <.37 | Not ID'd. | 87% [3.8] | 1 [1.4] | <10 | 15 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| SB08 5.5-7' | 3/25/03 | 5.5 - 7' | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.006 | <.37 | <.37 | <.37 | <.37 | <.37 | Not ID'd. | 90% [0.9] | 1 [0.5] | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| SB09 5.5-7' | 3/25/03 | 5.5 - 7' | 1.0 | .34 | .39 | .79 | 1.8 | .66 | 8.10 | 3.20 | 1.50 | .53 | 1.4 | 17.0 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 100% [11.0] | Not ID'd. | 9 [34.4] | 11 | 170 | 160 | 40 | 23 | 120 |
| BKGD-1 7-8.5' | 3/25/03 | 7 - 8.5' | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| BKGD-2 7-8.5' | 3/25/03 | 7 - 8.5' | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 |
| Soil to groundwater MSCC (mg/kg) | | | 3 | 0.24 | 2 | Not Est. | 0.58 | 2 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 8 | 44 | 3 | 0.58 | 60 | NA | NA | NA | 72 | 3,255 | | Immobil | 34 | |
| Residential MSCC (mg/kg) | | | 156 | 1,560 | 1,564 | Not Est. | 63 | 156 | 782 | 782 | 32,000 | 940 | 620 | 63 | 63 | 469 | NA | NA | NA | 939 | 9,386 | | 93,860 | 469 | |
| Industrial/Commercial MSCC (mg/kg) | | | 4,088 | 40,000 | 40,880 | Not Est. | 1,635 | 4,088 | 20,440 | 20,440 | 200,000 | 24,000 | 16,400 | 1,635 | 1,635 | 12,264 | NA | NA | NA | 24,528 | 245,280 | | HBL >100% | 12,264 | |

Notes:
 DENR has assigned this site with "Residential" land usage
 Bold = Concentration shown exceeds Residential MSCC but is below Industrial/Commercial MSCC.
 MSCC = maximum soil contaminant concentration
 HBL = Health Based Level
 ft. BLS = feet below land surface
 Results are reported in mg/kg (milligrams per kilogram)
 <.66 = Not detected at or above method detection limit.
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 Not Est. = MSCC not established
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 JA Jones = JA Jones Environmental Services, Additional Soil Sampling for Risk Based Corrective Action (RBCA) parameters, September and October 2001.

APPENDIX A

**LIMITED SITE ASSESSMENT RISK CLASSIFICATION
AND LAND USE FORM**

3.0 RISK CHARACTERIZATION

Limited Site Assessment Risk Classification and Land Use Form

Part I – Groundwater/Surface Water/Vapor Impacts

High Risk

1. *Has the release contaminated any water-supply well including any used for non-drinking purposes?* YES NO

Water supply wells are not located within a 1,500-foot radius of the project site.

2. *Is a water-supply well used for drinking water located within 1,000-feet of the source area of the discharge or release?* YES NO

There are no water-supply wells located within 1,000 feet of the source area.

3. *Is a water-supply well not used for drinking water (e.g., irrigation, washing cars, industrial cooling water, filling swimming pools) located within 250 feet of the source area of the release?* YES NO

There are no water-supply wells located within 250 feet of the source area of the release.

4. *Does groundwater within 500 feet of the source area of the release have the potential for future use (there is no other source of water-supply other than the groundwater)?* YES NO

No. There are an adequate number of locations for additional water-supply wells to be installed on other portions of the base.

5. *Do vapors from the release pose a threat of explosion because of accumulation of the vapors in a confined space or pose any other serious threat to public health, public safety or the environment? If yes, describe.* YES NO

No. No evidence of accumulations were reported in the UST Closure document or during this investigation.

6. *Are there any other factors that would cause the discharge or release to pose an imminent danger to public health, public safety, or the environment? If yes, describe.* YES NO

No. Review of available previous environmental reports and data collected during this investigation does not provide evidence to suggest other factors that would cause the discharge or release to pose an imminent danger to public health, public safety, or the environment.

Intermediate Risk

7. *Is a surface water body located within 500 feet of the source area of the discharge or release?* YES NO

Yes. The location of the former tank basin (source area) is approximately 320 feet southeast of a perennial stream designated as "Frenchman's Creek" on the MCB Hydrography - Creeks and Streams data layer¹ (Drawing 3.1). This perennial stream is not exhibited on the USGS topographic quadrangle (Drawing 1.1). We contacted Mr. Charles Weaver of the DWQ to identify the DENR stream classification for the perennial stream. He could not find a listing for Frenchman's Creek in the stream classification rules, however he noted that streams within sub-basin 2 of the White Oak River Basin were designated as "SC NSW" or "SC HQW NSW". Mr. Weaver stated that when the name and classification of a receiving stream is found, the upgradient streams (including intermittent streams) are given the same stream classification.

If YES, does the maximum groundwater contaminant concentration exceed the surface water quality standards and criteria found in 15A NCAC 2B.0200 by a factor of 10?

No, the contaminants reported in the source well groundwater sample (USTTT3140/3142-MW01) were at concentrations beneath ten times the surface water quality standards for class "SC HQW NSW".

8. *Is the source area of the discharge or release located within an approved or planned wellhead protection area as defined in 42 USC 300h-7(e)? If YES, describe.* YES NO

¹ Reference Section 9 for GIS data layer source information.

No. Wellhead protection areas defined by 42 USC 300h-7(e) have not, as of this time, been designated by the State for Camp Lejeune. However, MCB Camp Lejeune has identified proposed wellhead protection areas on the base. The site is not located in a proposed wellhead protection area.

9. *Is the release located in the Coastal Plain physiographic region as designated on a map entitled "Geology of North Carolina" published by the Department in 1985?* **YES** NO

As identified in the Geologic Map of North Carolina (North Carolina Geological Survey, 1985), the subject site lies within the Coastal Plain Physiographic Province. Potential impacts to deeper aquifers are unknown.

If YES, is the source area of the release located in an area in which there is recharge to an unconfined or semi-confined deeper aquifer that is being used or may be used as a source of drinking water? **YES** NO

Aquifers below the surficial aquifer in the area of UST TT3140/3142 typically include the Castle Hayne Aquifer, the Beaufort Aquifer, and the Peedee Aquifer, in order of increasing depth. Both the Beaufort and Peedee Aquifers contain saltwater in portions of the MCB and are not generally used for water-supply. The Castle Hayne Aquifer contains freshwater and is the principal aquifer used in the area for water-supply.

While there is likely recharge to the unconfined surficial aquifer at the Base, this aquifer is not used for water supply. Deeper aquifers may obtain a portion of recharge from the surficial aquifer at the Base; however, the amount of recharge provided by the surficial aquifer is expected to be substantially limited due to the presence of semi-confining to confining units composed of silt and/or clay.

10. *Do the levels of groundwater contamination for any contaminant exceed the gross contamination levels established by the Department?* **YES** NO

Groundwater sample results for VOCs, VPH, and EPH were below established GCLs and 2L Standards.

Part II – Land Use

Property Containing Source Area of Release

The questions below pertain to the property containing the source area of the release.

1. *Does the property contain one or more primary or secondary residences (permanent or temporary)? Describe.* **YES NO**

Yes. The former UST was located adjacent to a building containing two single-family residences, which adjoin one another (Drawing 3.1). The UST was located between two of the residences, TT-3140 and TT-3142. Additional multi-unit residential buildings are located in the vicinity around the UST TT3140/3142 site.

2. *Does the property contain a school, daycare center, hospital, playground, park, recreation area, church, nursing home, or other place of public assembly? Describe.* **YES NO**

No. The property in the direct vicinity of the former UST contains two military family residences as indicated in "1" above.

3. *Does the property contain a commercial (e.g., retail, warehouse, office/business space, etc.) or industrial (e.g., manufacturing, utilities, industrial research and development, chemical/petroleum bulk storage, etc.) enterprise, an inactive commercial or industrial enterprise, or is the land undeveloped? Describe.* **YES NO**

The property is residential as previously mentioned. The surrounding property has been developed and historically utilized as a residential area for enlisted marines and their families.

4. *Do children visit the property? Explain.* **YES NO**

Yes. Military families housed in the Tarawa Terrace housing areas typically have young children. The UST was located in front of the entrances to two residences and near walkways that lead to the entrances.

Is access to the property reliably restricted consistent with its use (e.g., by fences, security personnel or both)? Explain. YES NO

The site is located within a restricted area of the base and military police frequently patrol the area. However, access is not restricted to the former tank areas. Military personnel frequently traverse the area on their way to their homes.

5. *Do pavement, buildings, or other structures cap the contaminated soil? Describe.* YES NO

No. The former UST excavation is overlain by grass.

6. *What is the zoning status of the property?*

The MCB Camp Lejeune is not subject to local or county zoning requirements.

7. *Is the use of the property likely to change in the next 20 years? Explain.* YES NO

No. The designated use of the site as residential housing for the MCB is not likely to change in the foreseeable future. Building renovation or new housing may occur in the future, as MCB military personnel needs dictate.

Property Surrounding Source Area of Release

The questions below pertain to the area within 1,500 feet of the source area of the release (excludes property containing source area of the release):

1. *What is the distance from the source area of the release to the **nearest** primary or secondary residence (permanent or temporary)?*

Military families reside in residential units TT3140 and TT3142 located approximately 6.5 feet to the north of the former UST.

2. *What is the distance from the source area of the release to the **nearest** school, daycare center, hospital, playground, park, recreation area, church, nursing home or other place of public assembly?*

A playground is located approximately 240 feet to the west-northwest of the site (Drawing 3.1).

3. *What is the zoning status of properties in the surrounding area?*

As previously stated, MCB Camp Lejeune is not subject to local or county zoning requirements. The surrounding property has been developed for military support purposes.

4. *Briefly characterize the use and activities of the land in the surrounding area?*

The surrounding properties are developed and buildings are used for residential housing of military personnel and their families. Recreational facilities such as playgrounds, tennis courts, and basketball courts are also located nearby.

4.0 RECEPTOR INFORMATION

4.1 Water-Supply Wells

There are no active public drinking water-supply wells located within 1,500 feet of the source area of the release. Former water-supply wells used by the MCB in this area have been abandoned according to MCB Water Department personnel.

4.2 Public Water Supplies

Public water is provided to buildings within 1,500 feet of the subject site by water mains which carry treated potable water. Potable water is supplied to the site and surrounding areas by the MCB water-supply system. Based on marked utility locations, a water line that services the TT-3140 to TT-3146 building is located adjacent to the south side of the former UST excavation (Drawing 4.1). Potable water for Tarawa Terrace is provided by the Holcomb Boulevard water treatment facilities. Groundwater obtained from the Castle Hayne Aquifer beneath the MCB is the raw water source for the treatment facilities.

4.3 Surface Water

The closest surface water body is a perennial stream located approximately 320 feet northwest of the subject site (Drawing 3.1).

APPENDIX B
SOIL BORING LOGS

SOIL BORING/MONITORING WELL LOG

| Project: Phase I LSA, UST TT 3140/3142 | | Project No.: 0001243.29 | |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Boring/MW No.: UST TT3140/3142- SB01 | | Date: July 24, 2002 | |
| Installation Method: Hand Auger | | Borehole Diameter: 3.5 inches | |
| Depth Interval (ft.) | Field Screening Results (ppm) | Lithology (soil type, color, etc.) | Soil Conditions (dry, moist, petroleum odor) |
| 1 - 2 | 0 | 0 - 0.5 Black topsoil | Soils moist from recent rain, no apparent odor |
| | | 0.5 - 2' Brown CLAY (CL), little fine sand | |
| 2 - 3 | 0 | 2 - 2.5' Gray brown clayey fine SAND (SC) | Soils moist from recent rain, no apparent odor |
| 3 - 4 | 0 | | No apparent odor, soft |
| 4 - 5 | 0 | 2.5 - 5' Brown CLAY (CL) some fine sand | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Notes: Sample from 4 to 5 feet submitted to Lab, Time = 1700 | | | |
| WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS (if applicable) | | | |
| Total Depth: 5 feet | | Well Diameter: N/A | |
| Screened Interval: N/A | | Sand Interval: N/A | |
| Bentonite Interval: N/A | | Grout Interval: N/A | |
| Outer Casing Interval: N/A | | Outer Casing Diameter: N/A | |

SOIL BORING/MONITORING WELL LOG

| Project: Phase I LSA, UST TT 3140/3142 | | Project No.: 0001243.29 | | |
|--|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Boring/MW No.: UST TT 3140/3142 – MW01 | | Date: July 23, 2002 | | |
| Installation Method: HSA | | Borehole Diameter: 8 inches | | |
| Split Spoon Interval (ft.) | Blow Counts | Field Screening Results (ppm) | Lithology (soil type, color, etc.) | Soil Conditions (dry, moist, petroleum odor) |
| 4 – 6 | Pushed | Not screened (not enough sample) | Tan-brown fine SAND (SP), fill | Dry, poor recovery |
| 8 – 10 | 51 | 8.3 | White-brown fine SAND (SP), limited brown mottling | Dry to moist, slight odor |
| 13 - 15 | 30 | 2.1 | White-brown fine SAND (SP), wet | Wet |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Notes: Temporary Well. Static Water Level = 10.71 feet BLS (7/24/02) | | | | |
| WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS (if applicable) | | | | |
| Total Depth: 19 feet | | Well Diameter: 2 inches | | |
| Screened Interval: 4 to 19 feet | | Sand Interval: 3 to 19 feet | | |
| Bentonite Interval: 2 to 3 feet | | Grout Interval: N/A | | |
| Outer Casing Interval: N/A | | Outer Casing Diameter: N/A | | |

SOIL BORING LOG

| Project Name: SAR, USTTT3140/3142 | | Project No.: 0001243.57 | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Boring/MW No.: USTTT3140/3142-SB05 | | Date: March 25, 2003 | |
| Installation Method: PowerProbe™ | | Borehole Diameter: Approx. 2 inches | |
| Weather Conditions: Sunny; Rain at site March 17 to March 21, 2003. | | | |
| Depth Interval (ft.) | Field Screening Results (ppm) | Lithology (soil type, color, etc.) | Soil Conditions (dry, moist, petroleum odor) |
| 0 – 6 | <u>0 – 4</u> = No sample <u>4 – 5.5</u> = 16.8 | Yellow-brown fine SAND (SP) | Dry, apparent backfill |
| 6 – 8 | <u>6 – 8</u> = 31.4 | Dark-brown fine SAND and silt (SM) | Soils wet at 6 feet |
| 8 – 12 | <u>8 – 10</u> = 28.3 <u>10 – 12</u> = Not collected | White-brown fine SAND (SP) | Wet soils |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Notes: Soil boring advanced in center of UST pit beside former J.A. Jones sample location from 8 feet BLS. High water table due to recent precipitation. Boring abandoned with bentonite from land surface to 12 feet BLS. | | | |
| Total Depth: <u>12</u> feet | | | |
| Soil Samples Collected (Depth/Time): | | <u>8</u> to <u>10</u> Feet - <u>1100</u> Hours | |
| | | | |

SOIL BORING LOG

| Project Name: SAR, USTTT3140/3142 | | Project No.: 0001243.57 | |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Boring/MW No.: USTTT3140/3142-SB06 | | Date: March 25, 2003 | |
| Installation Method: : PowerProbe™ | | Borehole Diameter: Approx. 2 inches | |
| Weather Conditions: Sunny; Rain at site March 17 to March 21, 2003. | | | |
| Depth Interval (ft.) | Field Screening Results (ppm) | Lithology (soil type, color, etc.) | Soil Conditions (dry, moist, petroleum odor) |
| 0 – 2 | 8.8 | <u>0 – 0.6</u> : Dark brown fine SAND , little silt (SP) <u>0.6 – 1.6</u> : Brown fine SAND , some clay with orange mottling (SC) <u>1.6 – 2</u> : Dark brown fine SAND and silt (SM) | |
| 2 – 4 | 22.4 | <u>2 – 4</u> : Gray brown fine sandy CLAY , some silt (CL-SM) | |
| 4 – 6 | 16.7 | <u>4 – 6</u> : Brown sandy CLAY (CL) | |
| 6 – 8 | 44.7 | <u>6 – 8</u> : Gray fine sandy CLAY (CL) | |
| 8 – 12 | | <u>8 – 12</u> : Light white-brown fine to medium SAND with brown mottling 8-9; (SP) | Wet soils at approximately 8 feet |
| | | | |
| Notes: Boring abandoned with bentonite from land surface to 12 feet BLS. | | | |
| Total Depth: <u>12</u> feet | | | |
| Soil Samples Collected (Depth/Time): | | <u>6</u> to <u>8</u> Feet - <u>1145</u> Hours | |
| | | | |

SOIL BORING LOG

| Project Name: SAR, USTTT3140/3142 | | Project No.: 0001243.57 | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Boring/MW No.: USTTT3140/3142-SB07 | | Date: March 25, 2003 | |
| Installation Method: : PowerProbe™ | | Borehole Diameter: Approx. 2 inches | |
| Weather Conditions: Sunny; Rain at site March 17 to March 21, 2003. | | | |
| Depth Interval (ft.) | Field Screening Results (ppm) | Lithology (soil type, color, etc.) | Soil Conditions (dry, moist, petroleum odor) |
| 0 - 4 | <u>0 - 2</u> = 24 <u>2 - 4</u> = 17.5 | <u>0.5 - 3</u> : Dark brown fine SAND and silt (SM) <u>3 - 4</u> : Brown fine sandy CLAY (CL) | Moist at 3 - 4' |
| 4 - 6 | 10 | Light brown fine sandy CLAY with orange-brown mottling (CL) | Moist at 6 - 7.75' |
| 6 - 8 | 10.3 | Gray fine sandy CLAY (CL) | Wet at 7.8' |
| 8 - 12 | | Light white brown fine to medium SAND , brown mottling 8-9' (SP) | Wet soils |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Notes: Boring abandoned with bentonite from land surface to 12 feet BLS. | | | |
| Total Depth: <u>12</u> feet | | | |
| Soil Samples Collected (Depth/Time): | | <u>4</u> to <u>6</u> Feet - <u>1125</u> Hours | |
| | | | |

SOIL BORING LOG

| Project Name: SAR, USTTT3140/3142 | | Project No.: 0001243.57 | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Boring/MW No.: USTTT3140/3142-SB08 | | Date: March 25, 2003 | |
| Installation Method: : PowerProbe™ | | Borehole Diameter: Approx. 2 inches | |
| Weather Conditions: Sunny; Rain at site March 17 to March 21, 2003. | | | |
| Depth Interval (ft.) | Field Screening Results (ppm) | Lithology (soil type, color, etc.) | Soil Conditions (dry, moist, petroleum odor) |
| 0 – 4 | Samples not collected for Field Screening | Similar Soils to SB06 through SB09, 0 to 4 Feet. | |
| 4 – 5.2 | 29.4 | Dark brown fine SAND (SP) | Moist to wet |
| 5.2 – 6.7 | 30.1 | Gray CLAY , some fine sand (CL) | |
| 6.7 – 8 | Wet soils, sample not collected | White-brown fine to medium SAND (SP) | Wet soils at 7.3' |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Notes: Hand augered to 4 feet in order to prevent rupture of nearby water line. Boring abandoned with bentonite from land surface to 8 feet BLS. | | | |
| Total Depth: <u>8</u> feet | | | |
| Soil Samples Collected (Depth/Time): | | <u>5.5</u> to <u>7</u> Feet - <u>1210</u> Hours | |
| | | | |

SOIL BORING LOG

| Project Name: SAR, USTTT3140/3142 | | Project No.: 0001243.57 | |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Boring/MW No.: USTTT3140/3142-SB09 | | Date: March 25, 2003 | |
| Installation Method: : PowerProbe™ | | Borehole Diameter: Approx. 2 inches | |
| Weather Conditions: Sunny; Rain at site March 17 to March 21, 2003. | | | |
| Depth Interval (ft.) | Field Screening Results (ppm) | Lithology (soil type, color, etc.) | Soil Conditions (dry, moist, petroleum odor) |
| 0 – 1.3 | <u>0 – 2</u> = 24.5 | Dark brown fine SAND , little silt, organic (SP) | |
| 1.3 – 4 | <u>2 – 4</u> = 19.3 | Dark brown fine SAND , some clay, mottled orange-brown (SC) | |
| 4 – 6 | <u>4 – 5.5</u> = 24.3 | Yellow-brown to gray CLAY , little fine sand (CL) | |
| 6 – 8 | <u>5.5 – 7</u> = 873.3 | <u>6 – 7.8</u> : Gray fine sandy CLAY (CL) <u>7.8 – 8</u> : White-brown fine to medium SAND (SP), wet | <u>5.5 - 7'</u> – sample has strong petroleum odor, dry <u>7.8 - 8'</u> – Wet soils |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Notes: Boring abandoned with bentonite from land surface to 8 feet BLS. | | | |
| Total Depth: <u>8</u> feet | | | |
| Soil Samples Collected (Depth/Time): | | <u>5.5</u> to <u>7</u> Feet - <u>1230</u> Hours | |
| | | | |

SOIL BORING LOG

| Project Name: SAR, USTTT3140/3142 | | Project No.: 0001243.57 | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Boring/MW No.: BKGD-1 | | Date: March 25, 2003 | |
| Installation Method: PowerProbe™ | | Borehole Diameter: Approx. 2 inches | |
| Weather Conditions: Sunny; Rain at site March 17 to March 21, 2003. | | | |
| Depth Interval (ft.) | Field Screening Results (ppm) | Lithology (soil type, color, etc.) | Soil Conditions (dry, moist, petroleum odor) |
| 0 – 2 | Samples not collected for field screening | Dark brown fine SAND (SP) | |
| 2 – 6.5 | 4 – 6' = 4.5 | <u>2 – 2.3:</u> Gray-brown fine SAND (SP) <u>2.3 – 4:</u> Brown CLAY , some fine sand with gray-brown mottling (CL) <u>4 – 6.5:</u> Brown CLAY , some fine sand with gray-brown mottling (CL) | |
| 6.5 – 8 | Samples not collected for field screening | <u>6.5 – 7.2:</u> Gray sandy CLAY (CL) <u>7.2 – 8:</u> White-brown fine to medium SAND (SP) | Moist at 6.5' Wet at 7.2' |
| 8 – 12 | Samples not collected for field screening | White-brown fine to medium SAND (SP) | Wet |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Notes: Soil boring in "background" location, approximately 40 feet southeast of UST pit. Sample collected at similar depth to J.A. Jones sample in similar soil type. Boring abandoned with bentonite from land surface to 12 feet BLS. | | | |
| Total Depth: <u>12</u> feet | | | |
| Soil Samples Collected (Depth/Time): | | <u>7.2</u> to <u>8.5</u> Feet - <u>1245</u> Hours (VPH and EPH only) | |
| | | | |

SOIL BORING LOG

| Project Name: SAR, USTTT3140/3142 | | Project No.: 0001243.57 | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Boring/MW No.: BKGD-2 | | Date: March 25, 2003 | |
| Installation Method: PowerProbe™ | | Borehole Diameter: Approx. 2 inches | |
| Weather Conditions: Sunny; Rain at site March 17 to March 21, 2003. | | | |
| Depth Interval (ft.) | Field Screening Results (ppm) | Lithology (soil type, color, etc.) | Soil Conditions (dry, moist, petroleum odor) |
| 0 – 1 | Samples not collected for field screening | Dark brown fine SAND , little silt with minor, isolated orange-brown clay lenses (SP-SC) | |
| 1 – 4 | Samples not collected for field screening | Tan-brown fine SAND , some silt (SM) | |
| 4 – 6.75 | <u>4 – 6</u> = 15.9 | Gray CLAY , little fine sand with red-brown mottling (CL) | |
| 6.7 – 8 | <u>6 – 7.5</u> = 15.1 | <u>6.75 – 7</u> : Tan fine to medium SAND (SP) <u>7 – 8</u> : White brown fine to medium SAND (SP) | Wet soils at approximately 7.5 feet BLS |
| 8 – 12 | | White brown fine to medium SAND (SP) | |
| Notes: Soil boring in "background" location, approximately 65 feet northeast of UST pit. Sample collected at similar depth to J.A. Jones sample in similar soil type. Boring abandoned with bentonite from land surface to 12 feet BLS. | | | |
| Total Depth: <u>12</u> feet | | | |
| Soil Samples Collected (Depth/Time): | | <u>7</u> to <u>8.5</u> Feet - <u>1300</u> Hours (VPH and EPH only) | |
| | | | |

APPENDIX C

**SAMPLING LOCATIONS, UST CLOSURE ASSESSMENT,
J.A. JONES ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES COMPANY**

TABLES

Table 1 Soil Sample Analytical Results (7/31/01 Sampling Event)

| Sample ID | Sample Date | Sample Depth (ft bis) | TPH-GRO (Mg/Kg) | TPH-DRO (Mg/Kg) |
|------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| TT-3140/3142 | 7/31/01 | 8 | 780 | 18,000 |

Table 2 SOIL SAMPLES ANALYTICAL RESULTS
(9/20 & 10/23/01 Sampling Event)

| SAMPLE ID | DATE | SAMPLE DEPTH | COMPOUND CONCENTRATION (µg/g) | | |
|--|----------|--------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | | | G9-C22 Aromatics | G9-C18 Aliphatics | C19-C36 Aliphatics |
| TT3140/3142-R | 9/20/01 | 8' | 635.7 | 837.8 | 390 |
| TT3140-1 | 10/23/01 | 3' | | | |
| TT3140-2 | 10/23/01 | 3' | | | |
| TT3140-3 | 10/23/01 | 3' | | | |
| TT3140-4 | 10/23/01 | 3' | | | |
| Residential Soil Cleanup Level | -- | | 469 | 9386 | 93860 |
| Soil-to-Water Maximum Soil Contaminant Concentration | -- | | 34 | 3255 | |

- Note:
1. Only those compounds whose concentration is above Method Detection Limit are listed
 2. A no-entry-cell indicates compound concentration Below Method Detection Limit
 3. Bold indicates compound concentration above Residential Soil Cleanup Level

3/25/02

8/25/01

APPENDIX D

**LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORTS AND CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY
RECORDS FOR SOIL SAMPLES**

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.
2627 Northchase Parkway S.E.
Wilmington, North Carolina 28405
(910) 350-1903
Fax (910) 350-1557

RECEIVED
APR 11 2003
BY:.....

Mr. Eric Aufderhaar
Mid-Atlantic Associates
409 Rogersview Ct.
Raleigh, NC 27610

April 8, 2003

Report Number: G122-2098

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Dear Mr. Aufderhaar,

Enclosed are the results of the analytical services performed under the referenced project. Copies of this report and supporting data will be retained in our files for a period of five years in the event they are required for future reference. Any samples submitted to our laboratory will be retained for a maximum of thirty (30) days from the date of this report unless other arrangements are requested.

If there are any questions about the report or the services performed during this project, please call for assistance. We will be happy to answer any questions or concerns which you may have.

Thank you for using Paradigm Analytical Labs for your analytical services. We look forward to working with you again on any additional analytical needs which you may have.

Sincerely,

Paradigm Analytical Laboratories, Inc.



Laboratory Director
J. Patrick Weaver

VPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Laboratory Reporting Form

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|---------------------------|
| Sample Identification | USTTT3140/3142-SB05 8-10' |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Collection Option (for Soil)* | 2 |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/26/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 03/28/03 |
| Dry Weight | 85 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₅ -C ₈ Aliphatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₂ Aliphatics** | 15 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₀ Aromatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| Surrogate % Recovery - PID | 95 |
| Surrogate % Recovery - FID | 120 |

* = Option 1 = Established fill line on vial, Option 2 = Sampling Device/Brand, or Option 3 = Field weight of soil.

** = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.

Lab Info: G122-2098-66423

Reviewed By: MAC

VPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Laboratory Reporting Form

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Sample Identification | USTTT3140/3142-SB06 6-8' |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Collection Option (for Soil)* | 2 |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/26/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 03/28/03 |
| Dry Weight | 86 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₅ -C ₈ Aliphatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₂ Aliphatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₀ Aromatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| Surrogate % Recovery - PID | 95 |
| Surrogate % Recovery - FID | 120 |

* = Option 1 = Established fill line on vial, Option 2 = Sampling Device/Brand, or Option 3 = Field weight of soil.

** = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.

Lab Info: G122-2098-66424

Reviewed By: MLC

VPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Laboratory Reporting Form

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Sample Identification | USTTT3140/3142-SB07 4-6' |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Collection Option (for Soil)* | 2 |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/26/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 03/28/03 |
| Dry Weight | 84 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₅ -C ₈ Aliphatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₂ Aliphatics** | 15 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₀ Aromatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| Surrogate % Recovery - PID | 86 |
| Surrogate % Recovery - FID | 110 |

* = Option 1 = Established fill line on vial, Option 2 = Sampling Device/Brand, or Option 3 = Field weight of soil.

** = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.

Lab Info: G122-2098-66425

Reviewed By: MLC

VPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Laboratory Reporting Form

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|----------------------------|
| Sample Identification | USTTT3140/3142-SB08 5.5-7' |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Collection Option (for Soil)* | 2 |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/26/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 03/28/03 |
| Dry Weight | 84 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₅ -C ₈ Aliphatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₂ Aliphatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₀ Aromatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| Surrogate % Recovery - PID | 89 |
| Surrogate % Recovery - FID | 110 |

* = Option 1 = Established fill line on vial, Option 2 = Sampling Device/Brand, or Option 3 = Field weight of soil.

** = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.

Lab Info: G122-2098-66426

Reviewed By: MLC

VPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Laboratory Reporting Form

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|----------------------------|
| Sample Identification | USTTT3140/3142-SB09 5.5-7' |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Collection Option (for Soil)* | 2 |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/26/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 03/28/03 |
| Dry Weight | 86 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₅ -C ₈ Aliphatics** | 11 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₂ Aliphatics** | 170 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₀ Aromatics** | 23 (mg/Kg) |
| Surrogate % Recovery - PID | 140*** |
| Surrogate % Recovery - FID | 530*** |

* = Option 1 = Established fill line on vial, Option 2 = Sampling Device/Brand, or Option 3 = Field weight of soil.

** = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.

***= High surrogate recovery due to matrix interference

Lab Info: G122-2098-66427

Reviewed By: mnc

VPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Laboratory Reporting Form

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|---------------|
| Sample Identification | BKGD-1, 7-8.5 |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Collection Option (for Soil)* | 2 |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/26/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 03/28/03 |
| Dry Weight | 86 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₅ -C ₈ Aliphatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₂ Aliphatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₀ Aromatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| Surrogate % Recovery - PID | 89 |
| Surrogate % Recovery - FID | 110 |

* = Option 1 = Established fill line on vial, Option 2 = Sampling Device/Brand, or Option 3 = Field weight of soil.
 ** = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.

Lab Info: G122-2098-66428

Reviewed By: MR

VPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Laboratory Reporting Form

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|---------------|
| Sample Identification | BKGD-2, 7-8.5 |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Collection Option (for Soil)* | 2 |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/26/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 03/28/03 |
| Dry Weight | 85 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₅ -C ₈ Aliphatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₂ Aliphatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₀ Aromatics** | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| Surrogate % Recovery - PID | 89 |
| Surrogate % Recovery - FID | 110 |

* = Option 1 = Established fill line on vial, Option 2 = Sampling Device/Brand, or Option 3 = Field weight of soil.

** = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.

Lab Info: G122-2098-66429

Reviewed By: MLC

Attachment 2

VPH Laboratory Reporting Form

Calibration and QA/QC Information

FID Initial Calibration Date: 12/26/02 PID Initial Calibration Date: 12/26/02

Calibration Ranges and Limits

| Range | MDL | | ML | | RL | |
|--|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| | (µg/L) | (mg/Kg) | (µg/L) | (mg/Kg) | (µg/L) | (mg/Kg) |
| C ₅ -C ₈ Aliphatics | 9.3 | 0.41 | 29.4 | 1.3 | 100 | 10 |
| C ₉ -C ₁₂ Aliphatics | 7.9 | 0.3 | 25.2 | 0.97 | 100 | 10 |
| C ₉ -C ₁₀ Aromatics | 0.5 | 0.04 | 1.5 | 0.14 | 100 | 10 |

Calibration Concentration Levels

| Range | Levels | | %RSD or CCC | Method of Quantitation |
|---|--------|---------|-------------|------------------------|
| | (µg/L) | (mg/Kg) | | |
| C ₅ -C ₈ Aliphatics | 20 | 2 | 4.0 | Calibration Factor |
| | 80 | 8 | | |
| | 200 | 20 | | |
| | 800 | 80 | | |
| | 2000 | 200 | | |
| C ₉ -C ₁₂ Aliphatics | 15 | 1.5 | 12.3 | Calibration Factor |
| | 60 | 6 | | |
| | 150 | 15 | | |
| | 600 | 60 | | |
| | 1500 | 150 | | |
| C ₉ -C ₁₀ Aromatics | 32.5 | 3.25 | 11.3 | Calibration Factor |
| | 130 | 13 | | |
| | 325 | 32.5 | | |
| | 1300 | 130 | | |
| | 3250 | 325 | | |

Calibration Check Date: 03/27/03

Calibration Check

| Range | Levels | | RPD |
|--|--------|---------|------|
| | (µg/L) | (mg/Kg) | |
| C ₅ -C ₈ Aliphatics | 200 | 20 | -9.3 |
| C ₉ -C ₁₂ Aliphatics | 150 | 15 | 4.2 |
| C ₉ -C ₁₀ Aromatics | 325 | 32.5 | -1.4 |

MDL = Method Detection Limit
 ML = Minimum Limit
 RL = Reportable Limit

RPD = Relative Percent Difference
 %RSD = Percent Relative Standard Deviation
 CCC = Correlation Coefficient of Curve

Reviewed By: _____

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Volatiles

by GCMS 8260B/5035

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB05 8-10'

Date Analyzed: 4/2/03

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Analyzed By: EKR

Lab Sample ID: 66423

Date Collected: 3/25/03

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Date Received: 3/25/03

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 85.3

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Acetone | 59 | BQL |
| Acrolein | 120 | BQL |
| Acrylonitrile | 120 | BQL |
| Benzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Bromobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Bromochloromethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Bromodichloromethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Bromoform | 5.9 | BQL |
| Bromomethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 2-Butanone | 29 | BQL |
| n-Butylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| sec-Butylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| tert-Butylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Carbon disulfide | 5.9 | BQL |
| Carbon tetrachloride | 5.9 | BQL |
| Chlorobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Chloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Chloroform | 5.9 | BQL |
| Chloromethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Dibromochloromethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Dibromomethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB) | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | 5.9 | BQL |
| trans-1,2-dichloroethene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | 5.9 | BQL |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 5.9 | BQL |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Diisopropyl ether (DIPE) | 5.9 | BQL |
| Ethylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 2-Hexanone | 5.9 | BQL |

Flags: BQL = Below Quantitation Limit

Reviewed by: mrc

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Volatiles

by GCMS 8260B/5035

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB05 8-10'

Date Analyzed: 4/2/03

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Analyzed By: EKR

Lab Sample ID: 66423

Date Collected: 3/25/03

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Date Received: 3/25/03

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 85.3

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Iodomethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Isopropylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 4-Isopropyltoluene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Methylene chloride | 23 | BQL |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone | 5.9 | BQL |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MTBE) | 5.9 | BQL |
| Naphthalene | 5.9 | BQL |
| n-Propyl benzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Styrene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Tetrachloroethene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Toluene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Trichloroethene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Vinyl chloride | 5.9 | BQL |
| m-,p-Xylene | 12 | BQL |
| o-Xylene | 5.9 | BQL |

Surrogate Spike Recoveries

| Compound | Spike Added (ug/KG) | Surrogate Result (ug/KG) | %Rec |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Bromofluorobenzene | 50 | 49.1 | 98 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 | 50 | 52.1 | 104 |
| Toluene-d8 | 50 | 51.0 | 102 |

Comments:

All results are corrected for dilution.

Flags: BQL = Below Quantitation Limit

Reviewed by: MAE

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Volatiles

by GCMS 8260B/5035

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB06 6-8'

Date Analyzed: 4/2/03

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Analyzed By: EKR

Lab Sample ID: 66424

Date Collected: 3/25/03

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Date Received: 3/25/03

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 86.0

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Acetone | 58 | BQL |
| Acrolein | 120 | BQL |
| Acrylonitrile | 120 | BQL |
| Benzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| Bromobenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| Bromochloromethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| Bromodichloromethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| Bromoform | 5.8 | BQL |
| Bromomethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| 2-Butanone | 29 | BQL |
| n-Butylbenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| sec-Butylbenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| tert-Butylbenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| Carbon disulfide | 5.8 | BQL |
| Carbon tetrachloride | 5.8 | BQL |
| Chlorobenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| Chloroethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| Chloroform | 5.8 | BQL |
| Chloromethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | 5.8 | BQL |
| Dibromochloromethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane | 5.8 | BQL |
| Dibromomethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB) | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | 5.8 | BQL |
| trans-1,2-dichloroethene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | 5.8 | BQL |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | 5.8 | BQL |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 5.8 | BQL |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 5.8 | BQL |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| Diisopropyl ether (DIPE) | 5.8 | BQL |
| Ethylbenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 2-Hexanone | 5.8 | BQL |

Flags: BQL = Below Quantitation Limit

Reviewed by: MAC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Volatiles

by GCMS 8260B/5035

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB06 6-8'
 Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142
 Lab Sample ID: 66424
 Lab Project ID: G122-2098
 Matrix: Soil %Solids: 86.0

Date Analyzed: 4/2/03
 Analyzed By: EKR
 Date Collected: 3/25/03
 Date Received: 3/25/03
 Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Iodomethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| Isopropylbenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 4-Isopropyltoluene | 5.8 | BQL |
| Methylene chloride | 23 | BQL |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone | 5.8 | BQL |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MTBE) | 5.8 | BQL |
| Naphthalene | 5.8 | BQL |
| n-Propyl benzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| Styrene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| Tetrachloroethene | 5.8 | BQL |
| Toluene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| Trichloroethene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 5.8 | BQL |
| Vinyl chloride | 5.8 | BQL |
| m-,p-Xylene | 12 | BQL |
| o-Xylene | 5.8 | BQL |

| Surrogate Spike Recoveries | Spike Added (ug/KG) | Surrogate Result (ug/KG) | %Rec |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Compound | | | |
| Bromofluorobenzene | 50 | 50.9 | 102 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 | 50 | 49.3 | 99 |
| Toluene-d8 | 50 | 51.5 | 103 |

Comments:

All results are corrected for dilution.

Flags: BQL = Below Quantitation Limit

Reviewed by: WMC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Volatiles

by GCMS 8260B/5035

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB07 4-6'
 Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142
 Lab Sample ID: 66425
 Lab Project ID: G122-2098
 Matrix: Soil

Date Analyzed: 4/2/03
 Analyzed By: EKR
 Date Collected: 3/25/03
 Date Received: 3/25/03
 Dilution: 1

%Solids: 83.8

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Acetone | 60 | BQL |
| Acrolein | 120 | BQL |
| Acrylonitrile | 120 | BQL |
| Benzene | 6 | BQL |
| Bromobenzene | 6 | BQL |
| Bromochloromethane | 6 | BQL |
| Bromodichloromethane | 6 | BQL |
| Bromoform | 6 | BQL |
| Bromomethane | 6 | BQL |
| 2-Butanone | 30 | BQL |
| n-Butylbenzene | 6 | BQL |
| sec-Butylbenzene | 6 | BQL |
| tert-Butylbenzene | 6 | BQL |
| Carbon disulfide | 6 | BQL |
| Carbon tetrachloride | 6 | BQL |
| Chlorobenzene | 6 | BQL |
| Chloroethane | 6 | BQL |
| Chloroform | 6 | BQL |
| Chloromethane | 6 | BQL |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | 6 | BQL |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | 6 | BQL |
| Dibromochloromethane | 6 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane | 6 | BQL |
| Dibromomethane | 6 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB) | 6 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 6 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 6 | BQL |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 6 | BQL |
| trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | 6 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 6 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 6 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 6 | BQL |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | 6 | BQL |
| trans-1,2-dichloroethene | 6 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 6 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | 6 | BQL |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | 6 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | 6 | BQL |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 6 | BQL |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 6 | BQL |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | 6 | BQL |
| Diisopropyl ether (DIPE) | 6 | BQL |
| Ethylbenzene | 6 | BQL |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 6 | BQL |
| 2-Hexanone | 6 | BQL |

Flags: BQL = Below Quantitation Limit

Reviewed by: MJC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Volatiles

by GCMS 8260B/5035

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB07 4-6'
 Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142
 Lab Sample ID: 66425
 Lab Project ID: G122-2098
 Matrix: Soil %Solids: 83.8

Date Analyzed: 4/2/03
 Analyzed By: EKR
 Date Collected: 3/25/03
 Date Received: 3/25/03
 Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Iodomethane | 6 | BQL |
| Isopropylbenzene | 6 | BQL |
| 4-Isopropyltoluene | 6 | BQL |
| Methylene chloride | 24 | BQL |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone | 6 | BQL |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MTBE) | 6 | BQL |
| Naphthalene | 6 | BQL |
| n-Propyl benzene | 6 | BQL |
| Styrene | 6 | BQL |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | 6 | BQL |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 6 | BQL |
| Tetrachloroethene | 6 | BQL |
| Toluene | 6 | BQL |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | 6 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 6 | BQL |
| Trichloroethene | 6 | BQL |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 6 | BQL |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 6 | BQL |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 6 | BQL |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | 6 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 6 | BQL |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 6 | BQL |
| Vinyl chloride | 6 | BQL |
| m-,p-Xylene | 12 | BQL |
| o-Xylene | 6 | BQL |

| Surrogate Spike Recoveries | Spike Added (ug/KG) | Surrogate Result (ug/KG) | %Rec |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Compound | | | |
| Bromofluorobenzene | 50 | 52.1 | 104 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 | 50 | 54.8 | 110 |
| Toluene-d8 | 50 | 51.5 | 103 |

Comments:

All results are corrected for dilution.

Flags: BQL = Below Quantitation Limit

Reviewed by: MLC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Volatiles

by GCMS 8260B/5035

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB08 5.5-7'

Date Analyzed: 4/2/03

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Analyzed By: EKR

Lab Sample ID: 66426

Date Collected: 3/25/03

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Date Received: 3/25/03

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 84.3

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Acetone | 59 | BQL |
| Acrolein | 120 | BQL |
| Acrylonitrile | 120 | BQL |
| Benzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Bromobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Bromochloromethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Bromodichloromethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Bromoform | 5.9 | BQL |
| Bromomethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 2-Butanone | 30 | BQL |
| n-Butylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| sec-Butylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| tert-Butylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Carbon disulfide | 5.9 | BQL |
| Carbon tetrachloride | 5.9 | BQL |
| Chlorobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Chloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Chloroform | 5.9 | BQL |
| Chloromethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Dibromochloromethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Dibromomethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB) | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | 5.9 | BQL |
| trans-1,2-dichloroethene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | 5.9 | BQL |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 5.9 | BQL |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Diisopropyl ether (DIPE) | 5.9 | BQL |
| Ethylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 2-Hexanone | 5.9 | BQL |

Reviewed by: MLC

Flags: BQL = Below Quantitation Limit

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Volatiles

by GCMS 8260B/5035

| | |
|--|-------------------------|
| Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB08 5.5-7' | Date Analyzed: 4/2/03 |
| Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142 | Analyzed By: EKR |
| Lab Sample ID: 66426 | Date Collected: 3/25/03 |
| Lab Project ID: G122-2098 | Date Received: 3/25/03 |
| Matrix: Soil | %Solids: 84.3 |
| | Dilution: 1 |

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Iodomethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Isopropylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 4-Isopropyltoluene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Methylene chloride | 24 | BQL |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone | 5.9 | BQL |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MTBE) | 5.9 | BQL |
| Naphthalene | 5.9 | BQL |
| n-Propyl benzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Styrene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Tetrachloroethene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Toluene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Trichloroethene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 5.9 | BQL |
| Vinyl chloride | 5.9 | BQL |
| m-,p-Xylene | 12 | BQL |
| o-Xylene | 5.9 | BQL |

| Surrogate Spike Recoveries | Spike Added (ug/KG) | Surrogate Result (ug/KG) | %Rec |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Compound | | | |
| Bromofluorobenzene | 50 | 50.6 | 101 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 | 50 | 48.5 | 97 |
| Toluene-d8 | 50 | 51.9 | 104 |

Comments:

All results are corrected for dilution.

Flags: BQL = Below Quantitation Limit

Reviewed by: MAC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Volatiles

by GCMS 8260B/5035

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB09 5.5-7'
 Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142
 Lab Sample ID: 66427
 Lab Project ID: G122-2098
 Matrix: Soil

Date Analyzed: 4/3/03
 Analyzed By: JTF
 Date Collected: 3/25/03
 Date Received: 3/25/03
 Dilution: 200

%Solids: 86.4

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Acetone | 5800 | BQL |
| Acrolein | 23000 | BQL |
| Acrylonitrile | 23000 | BQL |
| Benzene | 230 | BQL |
| Bromobenzene | 230 | BQL |
| Bromochloromethane | 230 | BQL |
| Bromodichloromethane | 230 | BQL |
| Bromoform | 230 | BQL |
| Bromomethane | 230 | BQL |
| 2-Butanone | 5800 | BQL |
| n-Butylbenzene | 230 | BQL |
| sec-Butylbenzene | 230 | 1000 |
| tert-Butylbenzene | 230 | BQL |
| Carbon disulfide | 230 | BQL |
| Carbon tetrachloride | 230 | BQL |
| Chlorobenzene | 230 | BQL |
| Chloroethane | 230 | BQL |
| Chloroform | 230 | BQL |
| Chloromethane | 230 | BQL |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | 230 | BQL |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | 230 | BQL |
| Dibromochloromethane | 230 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane | 1200 | BQL |
| Dibromomethane | 230 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB) | 230 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 230 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 230 | BQL |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 230 | BQL |
| trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | 1200 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 230 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 230 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 230 | BQL |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | 230 | BQL |
| trans-1,2-dichloroethene | 230 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 230 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | 230 | BQL |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | 230 | BQL |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | 230 | BQL |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 230 | BQL |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 230 | BQL |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | 1200 | BQL |
| Diisopropyl ether (DIPE) | 230 | BQL |
| Ethylbenzene | 230 | 340 |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 230 | BQL |
| 2-Hexanone | 1200 | BQL |

Flags: BQL = Below Quantitation Limit

Reviewed by: MAC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Volatiles

by GCMS 8260B/5035

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB09 5.5-7'

Date Analyzed: 4/3/03

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Analyzed By: JTF

Lab Sample ID: 66427

Date Collected: 3/25/03

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Date Received: 3/25/03

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 86.4

Dilution: 200

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Iodomethane | 230 | BQL |
| Isopropylbenzene | 230 | 390 |
| 4-Isopropyltoluene | 230 | 790 |
| Methylene chloride | 1200 | BQL |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone | 1200 | BQL |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MTBE) | 230 | BQL |
| Naphthalene | 230 | 1800 |
| n-Propyl benzene | 230 | 660 |
| Styrene | 230 | BQL |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | 230 | BQL |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 230 | BQL |
| Tetrachloroethene | 230 | BQL |
| Toluene | 230 | BQL |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | 230 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 230 | BQL |
| Trichloroethene | 230 | BQL |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 230 | BQL |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 230 | BQL |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 230 | BQL |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | 230 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 230 | 8100 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 230 | 3200 |
| Vinyl chloride | 230 | BQL |
| m-,p-Xylene | 460 | 1500 |
| o-Xylene | 230 | BQL |

Surrogate Spike Recoveries

| Compound | Spike Added (ug/KG) | Surrogate Result (ug/KG) | %Rec |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Bromofluorobenzene | 10 | 9.7 | 97 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 | 10 | 9.5 | 95 |
| Toluene-d8 | 10 | 10.0 | 100 |

Comments:

All results are corrected for dilution.

Flags: BQL = Below Quantitation Limit

Reviewed by: MLC

EPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Results

by MDEP-EPH

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|---------------------------|
| Sample Identification | USTTT3140/3142-SB05 8-10' |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/27/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 04/02/03 |
| Dry Weight | 85.3 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics* | 41 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics* | 19 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics* | 67 (mg/Kg) |
| Aliphatic Surrogate % Recovery | 73 |
| Aromatic Surrogate % Recovery | 80 |
| Fractionation Surrogate 1 % Recovery | 90 |

Comments:

* = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.

Lab info: G122-2098-66423

Reviewed By: MAC

EPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Results

by MDEP-EPH

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Sample Identification | USTTT3140/3142-SB06 6-8' |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/27/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 03/31/03 |
| Dry Weight | 86 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics* | 17 (mg/Kg) |
| Aliphatic Surrogate % Recovery | 71 |
| Aromatic Surrogate % Recovery | 68 |
| Fractionation Surrogate 1 % Recovery | 92 |

Comments:

* = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.

Lab info: G122-2098-66424

Reviewed By: MLC

EPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Results

by MDEP-EPH

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Sample Identification | USTTT3140/3142-SB07 4-6' |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/27/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 04/01/03 |
| Dry Weight | 83.8 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| Aliphatic Surrogate % Recovery | 85 |
| Aromatic Surrogate % Recovery | 79 |

Comments:

* = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.
 Sample did not require fractionation.

Lab info: G122-2098-66425

Reviewed By: MLL

EPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Results

by MDEP-EPH

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|----------------------------|
| Sample Identification | USTTT3140/3142-SB08 5.5-7' |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/27/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 03/31/03 |
| Dry Weight | 84.3 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| Aliphatic Surrogate % Recovery | 97 |
| Aromatic Surrogate % Recovery | 94 |

Comments:

* = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.
 Sample did not require fractionation.

Lab info: G122-2098-66426

Reviewed By: MLL

EPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Results

by MDEP-EPH

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|----------------------------|
| Sample Identification | USTTT3140/3142-SB09 5.5-7' |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/27/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 03/31/03 |
| Dry Weight | 86.4 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics* | 160 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics* | 40 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics* | 120 (mg/Kg) |
| Aliphatic Surrogate % Recovery | 73 |
| Aromatic Surrogate % Recovery | 71 |
| Fractionation Surrogate 1 % Recovery | 92 |

Comments:

* = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.

EPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Results

by MDEP-EPH

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|---------------|
| Sample Identification | BKGD-1, 7-8.5 |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/27/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 04/03/03 |
| Dry Weight | 86 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| Aliphatic Surrogate % Recovery | 59 |
| Aromatic Surrogate % Recovery | 80 |
| Fractionation Surrogate 1 % Recovery | 100 |

Comments:

* = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.

Lab info: G122-2098-66428

Reviewed By: MRC

EPH (Aliphatics/Aromatics) Results

by MDEP-EPH

Client Name: Mid-Atlantic Associates

Project Name: SAR TT-3140/3142

| Sample Information and Analytical Results | |
|--|---------------|
| Sample Identification | BKGD-2, 7-8.5 |
| Sample Matrix | Soil |
| Date Collected | 03/25/03 |
| Date Received | 03/25/03 |
| Date Extracted | 03/27/03 |
| Date Analyzed | 03/31/03 |
| Dry Weight | 85 |
| Dilution Factor | 1 |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics* | < 10 (mg/Kg) |
| Aliphatic Surrogate % Recovery | 95 |
| Aromatic Surrogate % Recovery | 94 |

Comments:

* = Excludes any surrogates or internal standards.
 Sample did not require fractionation.

Lab info: G122-2098-66429

Reviewed By: MJC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Attachment 3

EPH Laboratory Reporting Form

Calibration and QA/QC Information

Initial Calibration Date: 03/19/03

Calibration Ranges and Limits

| Range | MDL | | ML | | RL | |
|---|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| | (mg/Kg) | (µg/L) | (mg/Kg) | (µg/L) | (mg/Kg) | (µg/L) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics | 0.1 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 2.6 | 100 | 10 |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics | 0.1 | 1.6 | 0.3 | 5 | 100 | 10 |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics | 0.2 | 2.1 | 0.6 | 6.7 | 100 | 10 |

Calibration Concentration Levels

| Range | Levels | | %RSD or CCC | Method of Quantitation |
|--|--------|---------|-------------|------------------------|
| | (µg/L) | (mg/Kg) | | |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics | 0.06 | 1 | 5.00 | Calibration Factor |
| | 0.15 | 2.5 | | |
| | 0.3 | 5 | | |
| | 0.6 | 10 | | |
| | 1.2 | 20 | | |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics | 0.08 | 1.33 | 2.4 | Calibration Factor |
| | 0.2 | 3.33 | | |
| | 0.4 | 6.67 | | |
| | 0.8 | 13.3 | | |
| | 1.6 | 26.7 | | |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics | 0.17 | 2.83 | 1.3 | Calibration Factor |
| | 0.425 | 7.08 | | |
| | 0.85 | 14.2 | | |
| | 1.7 | 28.3 | | |
| | 3.4 | 56.7 | | |

Calibration Check Date: 03/31/03

Calibration Check

| Range | Levels | | RPD |
|---|---------|---------|------|
| | (µg/mL) | (mg/Kg) | |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics | 0.6 | 10 | 3.1 |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics | 0.8 | 13.3 | 3.3 |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics | 1.7 | 28.3 | -1.6 |

MDL = Method Detection Limit
ML = Minimum Limit
RL = Reportable Limit

RPD = Relative Percent Difference
%RSD = Percent Relative Standard Deviation
CCC = Correlation Coefficient of Curve

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Attachment 3

EPH Laboratory Reporting Form

Calibration and QA/QC Information

Initial Calibration Date: 03/19/03

Calibration Ranges and Limits

| Range | MDL | | ML | | RL | |
|---|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| | (mg/Kg) | (µg/L) | (mg/Kg) | (µg/L) | (mg/Kg) | (µg/L) |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics | 0.1 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 2.6 | 100 | 10 |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics | 0.1 | 1.6 | 0.3 | 5 | 100 | 10 |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics | 0.2 | 2.1 | 0.6 | 6.7 | 100 | 10 |

Calibration Concentration Levels

| Range | Levels | | %RSD or CCC | Method of Quantitation |
|--|--------|---------|-------------|------------------------|
| | (µg/L) | (mg/Kg) | | |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics | 0.06 | 1 | 5.00 | Calibration Factor |
| | 0.15 | 2.5 | | |
| | 0.3 | 5 | | |
| | 0.6 | 10 | | |
| | 1.2 | 20 | | |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics | 0.08 | 1.33 | 2.4 | Calibration Factor |
| | 0.2 | 3.33 | | |
| | 0.4 | 6.67 | | |
| | 0.8 | 13.3 | | |
| | 1.6 | 26.7 | | |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics | 0.17 | 2.83 | 1.3 | Calibration Factor |
| | 0.425 | 7.08 | | |
| | 0.85 | 14.2 | | |
| | 1.7 | 28.3 | | |
| | 3.4 | 56.7 | | |

Calibration Check Date: 04/02/03

Calibration Check

| Range | Levels | | RPD |
|---|---------|---------|------|
| | (µg/mL) | (mg/Kg) | |
| C ₉ -C ₁₈ Aliphatics | 0.6 | 10 | -6.8 |
| C ₁₉ -C ₃₆ Aliphatics | 0.8 | 13.3 | -7.7 |
| C ₁₁ -C ₂₂ Aromatics | 1.7 | 28.3 | -4.9 |

MDL = Method Detection Limit

ML = Minimum Limit

RL = Reportable Limit

RPD = Relative Percent Difference

%RSD = Percent Relative Standard Deviation

CCC = Correlation Coefficient of Curve

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Semivolatiles

by GCMS 8270

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB05 8-10'

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Lab Sample ID: 66423

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 85.3

Date Collected: 3/25/2003

Date Received: 3/25/2003

Date Analyzed: 4/2/2003

Analyzed By: MRC

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Acenaphthene | 370 | BQL |
| Acenaphthylene | 370 | BQL |
| Anthracene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[a]anthracene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[a]pyrene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzoic Acid | 730 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane | 370 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether | 370 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether | 370 | BQL |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate | 370 | BQL |
| 4-bromophenyl phenyl ether | 370 | BQL |
| Butylbenzylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| 4-Chloroaniline | 1800 | BQL |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Chlorophenol | 370 | BQL |
| 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether | 370 | BQL |
| Chrysene | 370 | BQL |
| Di-n-Butylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| Di-n-octylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene | 370 | BQL |
| Dibenzofuran | 370 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 730 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 370 | BQL |
| Diethylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 370 | BQL |
| Dimethylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 1800 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 1800 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 370 | BQL |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 370 | BQL |
| Fluoranthene | 370 | BQL |
| Fluorene | 370 | BQL |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Semivolatiles

by GCMS 8270

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB05 8-10'

Date Collected: 3/25/2003

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Date Received: 3/25/2003

Lab Sample ID: 66423

Date Analyzed: 4/2/2003

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Analyzed By: MRC

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 85.3

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 370 | BQL |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 730 | BQL |
| Hexachloroethane | 370 | BQL |
| Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene | 370 | BQL |
| Isophorone | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Methylphenol | 370 | BQL |
| 3- & 4-Methylphenol | 370 | BQL |
| N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine | 370 | BQL |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 370 | BQL |
| Naphthalene | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 370 | BQL |
| 3-Nitroaniline | 1800 | BQL |
| 4-Nitroaniline | 1800 | BQL |
| Nitrobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Nitrophenol | 370 | BQL |
| 4-Nitrophenol | 1800 | BQL |
| Pentachlorophenol | 1800 | BQL |
| Phenanthrene | 370 | BQL |
| Phenol | 370 | BQL |
| Pyrene | 370 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 370 | BQL |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 370 | BQL |

| Surrogate Spike Recoveries | Spike Added | Spike Result | Percent Recovered |
|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 2-Fluorobiphenyl | 10 | 9.5 | 95 |
| 2-Fluorophenol | 10 | 9.4 | 94 |
| Nitrobenzene-d5 | 10 | 9.1 | 91 |
| Phenol-d6 | 10 | 9.1 | 91 |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol | 10 | 9.4 | 94 |
| 4-Terphenyl-d14 | 10 | 9.9 | 99 |

Comments:

Results are corrected for %solids and dilution where applicable.

Flags:

BQL = Below Quantitation Limit.

Reviewed By: MRC

Results of Library Search for Semivolatile Compounds
by GCMS

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB05 8-10'
 Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142
 Lab Sample ID: 66423
 Lab Project ID: G122-2098
 Matrix: Soil
 % SOLIDS: 85.3

Date Collected: 3/25/2003
 Date Received: 3/25/2003
 Date Analyzed: 4/2/2003
 Analyzed By: MRC
 Dilution: 1

| No. | Compound | Retention Time | CAS# | Match Probability | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----|--------------------------|----------------|------|-------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Alkane, Unknown | 17.12 | | | 5900 |
| 2 | Alkane, Unknown | 13.38 | | | 4100 |
| 3 | Alkane, Unknown | 17.69 | | | 3500 |
| 4 | Alkane, Unknown | 11.85 | | | 3200 |
| 5 | Unknown | 11.75 | | | 3000 |
| 6 | Unknown | 10.12 | | | 2200 |
| 7 | Carboxylic Acid, Unknown | 18.19 | | | 2000 |
| 8 | Unknown | 12.08 | | | 2000 |
| 9 | Alkane, Unknown | 18.26 | | | 1900 |
| 10 | Alkane, Unknown | 13.81 | | | 1700 |

Comment:

Tentatively Identified Compound (TIC) refers to substances which are not present in the list of target compounds. Therefore, not all TICs are identified and quantitated using individual standards. TIC listings are prepared utilizing a computerized library search of electron impact mass spectral data and evaluation of the relevant data by a mass spectral data specialist.

Quantitation is accomplished by relative peak area of the compound compared to that of the nearest internal standard from the total ion chromatogram. TICs are identified and quantitated only if the peak area is equal to or greater than 10% of that of the nearest internal standard. Quantitation provided is an estimate.

Reviewed by: MRC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Semivolatiles

by GCMS 8270

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB06 6-8'

Date Collected: 3/25/2003

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Date Received: 3/25/2003

Lab Sample ID: 66424

Date Analyzed: 4/2/2003

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Analyzed By: MRC

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 86.0

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Acenaphthene | 360 | BQL |
| Acenaphthylene | 360 | BQL |
| Anthracene | 360 | BQL |
| Benzo[a]anthracene | 360 | BQL |
| Benzo[a]pyrene | 360 | BQL |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene | 360 | BQL |
| Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | 360 | BQL |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene | 360 | BQL |
| Benzoic Acid | 730 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane | 360 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether | 360 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether | 360 | BQL |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate | 360 | BQL |
| 4-bromophenyl phenyl ether | 360 | BQL |
| Butylbenzylphthalate | 360 | BQL |
| 4-Chloroaniline | 1800 | BQL |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 360 | BQL |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 360 | BQL |
| 2-Chlorophenol | 360 | BQL |
| 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether | 360 | BQL |
| Chrysene | 360 | BQL |
| Di-n-Butylphthalate | 360 | BQL |
| Di-n-octylphthalate | 360 | BQL |
| Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene | 360 | BQL |
| Dibenzofuran | 360 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 360 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 360 | BQL |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 360 | BQL |
| 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 730 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 360 | BQL |
| Diethylphthalate | 360 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 360 | BQL |
| Dimethylphthalate | 360 | BQL |
| 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 1800 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 1800 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 360 | BQL |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 360 | BQL |
| Fluoranthene | 360 | BQL |
| Fluorene | 360 | BQL |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 360 | BQL |

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Semivolatiles

by GCMS 8270

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB06 6-8'

Date Collected: 3/25/2003

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Date Received: 3/25/2003

Lab Sample ID: 66424

Date Analyzed: 4/2/2003

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Analyzed By: MRC

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 86.0

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 360 | BQL |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 730 | BQL |
| Hexachloroethane | 360 | BQL |
| Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene | 360 | BQL |
| Isophorone | 360 | BQL |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 360 | BQL |
| 2-Methylphenol | 360 | BQL |
| 3- & 4-Methylphenol | 360 | BQL |
| N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine | 360 | BQL |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 360 | BQL |
| Naphthalene | 360 | BQL |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 360 | BQL |
| 3-Nitroaniline | 1800 | BQL |
| 4-Nitroaniline | 1800 | BQL |
| Nitrobenzene | 360 | BQL |
| 2-Nitrophenol | 360 | BQL |
| 4-Nitrophenol | 1800 | BQL |
| Pentachlorophenol | 1800 | BQL |
| Phenanthrene | 360 | BQL |
| Phenol | 360 | BQL |
| Pyrene | 360 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 360 | BQL |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 360 | BQL |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 360 | BQL |

| Surrogate Spike Recoveries | Spike Added | Spike Result | Percent Recovered |
|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 2-Fluorobiphenyl | 10 | 8.0 | 80 |
| 2-Fluorophenol | 10 | 7.9 | 79 |
| Nitrobenzene-d5 | 10 | 7.6 | 76 |
| Phenol-d6 | 10 | 8.1 | 81 |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol | 10 | 7.6 | 76 |
| 4-Terphenyl-d14 | 10 | 9.7 | 97 |

Comments:

Results are corrected for %solids and dilution where applicable.

Flags:

BQL = Below Quantitation Limit.

Reviewed By: MRC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results of Library Search for Semivolatile Compounds
by GCMS

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB06 6-8'
 Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142
 Lab Sample ID: 66424
 Lab Project ID: G122-2098
 Matrix: Soil
 % SOLIDS: 86.0

Date Collected: 3/25/2003
 Date Received: 3/25/2003
 Date Analyzed: 4/2/2003
 Analyzed By: MRC
 Dilution: 1

| No. | Compound | Retention Time | CAS# | Match Probability | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----|--------------------------|----------------|------|-------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Carboxylic Acid, Unknown | 18.19 | | | 950 |
| 2 | Unknown | 18.08 | | | 180 |
| 3 | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | |

Comment:

Tentatively Identified Compound (TIC) refers to substances which are not present in the list of target compounds. Therefore, not all TICs are identified and quantitated using individual standards. TIC listings are prepared utilizing a computerized library search of electron impact mass spectral data and evaluation of the relevant data by a mass spectral data specialist.

Quantitation is accomplished by relative peak area of the compound compared to that of the nearest internal standard from the total ion chromatogram. TICs are identified and quantitated only if the peak area is equal to or greater than 10% of that of the nearest internal standard. Quantitation provided is an estimate.

Reviewed by: MRC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Semivolatiles

by GCMS 8270

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB07 4-6'

Date Collected: 3/25/2003

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Date Received: 3/25/2003

Lab Sample ID: 66425

Date Analyzed: 4/2/2003

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Analyzed By: MRC

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 83.8

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Acenaphthene | 370 | BQL |
| Acenaphthylene | 370 | BQL |
| Anthracene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[a]anthracene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[a]pyrene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzoic Acid | 740 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane | 370 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether | 370 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether | 370 | BQL |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate | 370 | BQL |
| 4-bromophenyl phenyl ether | 370 | BQL |
| Butylbenzylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| 4-Chloroaniline | 1900 | BQL |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Chlorophenol | 370 | BQL |
| 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether | 370 | BQL |
| Chrysene | 370 | BQL |
| Di-n-Butylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| Di-n-octylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene | 370 | BQL |
| Dibenzofuran | 370 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 740 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 370 | BQL |
| Diethylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 370 | BQL |
| Dimethylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 1900 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 1900 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 370 | BQL |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 370 | BQL |
| Fluoranthene | 370 | BQL |
| Fluorene | 370 | BQL |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Semivolatiles

by GCMS 8270

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB07 4-6'

Date Collected: 3/25/2003

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Date Received: 3/25/2003

Lab Sample ID: 66425

Date Analyzed: 4/2/2003

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Analyzed By: MRC

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 83.8

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 370 | BQL |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 740 | BQL |
| Hexachloroethane | 370 | BQL |
| Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene | 370 | BQL |
| Isophorone | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Methylphenol | 370 | BQL |
| 3- & 4-Methylphenol | 370 | BQL |
| N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine | 370 | BQL |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 370 | BQL |
| Naphthalene | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 370 | BQL |
| 3-Nitroaniline | 1900 | BQL |
| 4-Nitroaniline | 1900 | BQL |
| Nitrobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Nitrophenol | 370 | BQL |
| 4-Nitrophenol | 1900 | BQL |
| Pentachlorophenol | 1900 | BQL |
| Phenanthrene | 370 | BQL |
| Phenol | 370 | BQL |
| Pyrene | 370 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 370 | BQL |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 370 | BQL |

| Surrogate Spike Recoveries | Spike Added | Spike Result | Percent Recovered |
|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 2-Fluorobiphenyl | 10 | 9.5 | 95 |
| 2-Fluorophenol | 10 | 8.5 | 85 |
| Nitrobenzene-d5 | 10 | 8.7 | 87 |
| Phenol-d6 | 10 | 8.5 | 85 |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol | 10 | 7.0 | 70 |
| 4-Terphenyl-d14 | 10 | 10.5 | 105 |

Comments:

Results are corrected for %solids and dilution where applicable.

Flags:

BQL = Below Quantitation Limit.

Reviewed By: MRC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results of Library Search for Semivolatile Compounds

by GCMS

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB07 4-6'

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Lab Sample ID: 66425

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Matrix: Soil

% SOLIDS: 83.8

Date Collected: 3/25/2003

Date Received: 3/25/2003

Date Analyzed: 4/2/2003

Analyzed By: MRC

Dilution: 1

| No. | Compound | Retention Time | CAS# | Match Probability | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----|--------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Carboxylic Acid, Unknown | 18.19 | 000103-23-1 | 87 | 3800 |
| 2 | Unknown | 18.08 | 000301-02-0 | 80 | 1400 |
| 3 | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | |

Comment:

Tentatively Identified Compound (TIC) refers to substances which are not present in the list of target compounds. Therefore, not all TICs are identified and quantitated using individual standards. TIC listings are prepared utilizing a computerized library search of electron impact mass spectral data and evaluation of the relevant data by a mass spectral data specialist.

Quantitation is accomplished by relative peak area of the compound compared to that of the nearest internal standard from the total ion chromatogram. TICs are identified and quantitated only if the peak area is equal to or greater than 10% of that of the nearest internal standard. Quantitation provided is an estimate.

Reviewed by: MRC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Semivolatiles

by GCMS 8270

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB08 5.5-7'

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Lab Sample ID: 66426

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 84.3

Date Collected: 3/25/2003

Date Received: 3/25/2003

Date Analyzed: 4/3/2003

Analyzed By: MRC

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Acenaphthene | 370 | BQL |
| Acenaphthylene | 370 | BQL |
| Anthracene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[a]anthracene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[a]pyrene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene | 370 | BQL |
| Benzoic Acid | 740 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane | 370 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether | 370 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether | 370 | BQL |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate | 370 | BQL |
| 4-bromophenyl phenyl ether | 370 | BQL |
| Butylbenzylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| 4-Chloroaniline | 1800 | BQL |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Chlorophenol | 370 | BQL |
| 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether | 370 | BQL |
| Chrysene | 370 | BQL |
| Di-n-Butylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| Di-n-octylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene | 370 | BQL |
| Dibenzofuran | 370 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 740 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 370 | BQL |
| Diethylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 370 | BQL |
| Dimethylphthalate | 370 | BQL |
| 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 1800 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 1800 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 370 | BQL |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 370 | BQL |
| Fluoranthene | 370 | BQL |
| Fluorene | 370 | BQL |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Semivolatiles

by GCMS 8270

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB08 5.5-7'

Date Collected: 3/25/2003

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Date Received: 3/25/2003

Lab Sample ID: 66426

Date Analyzed: 4/3/2003

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Analyzed By: MRC

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 84.3

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 370 | BQL |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 740 | BQL |
| Hexachloroethane | 370 | BQL |
| Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene | 370 | BQL |
| Isophorone | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Methylphenol | 370 | BQL |
| 3- & 4-Methylphenol | 370 | BQL |
| N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine | 370 | BQL |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 370 | BQL |
| Naphthalene | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 370 | BQL |
| 3-Nitroaniline | 1800 | BQL |
| 4-Nitroaniline | 1800 | BQL |
| Nitrobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 2-Nitrophenol | 370 | BQL |
| 4-Nitrophenol | 1800 | BQL |
| Pentachlorophenol | 1800 | BQL |
| Phenanthrene | 370 | BQL |
| Phenol | 370 | BQL |
| Pyrene | 370 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 370 | BQL |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 370 | BQL |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 370 | BQL |

| Surrogate Spike Recoveries | Spike Added | Spike Result | Percent Recovered |
|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 2-Fluorobiphenyl | 10 | 8.9 | 89 |
| 2-Fluorophenol | 10 | 7.7 | 77 |
| Nitrobenzene-d5 | 10 | 8.5 | 85 |
| Phenol-d6 | 10 | 8.6 | 86 |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol | 10 | 7.2 | 72 |
| 4-Terphenyl-d14 | 10 | 9.9 | 99 |

Comments:

Results are corrected for %solids and dilution where applicable.

Flags:

BQL = Below Quantitation Limit.

Reviewed By: MRC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results of Library Search for Semivolatile Compounds
by GCMS

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB08 5.5-7'
Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142
Lab Sample ID: 66426
Lab Project ID: G122-2098
Matrix: Soil
% SOLIDS: 84.3

Date Collected: 3/25/2003
Date Received: 3/25/2003
Date Analyzed: 4/3/2003
Analyzed By: MRC
Dilution: 1

| No. | Compound | Retention Time | CAS# | Match Probability | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----|--------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Carboxylic Acid, Unknown | 18.19 | 000103-23-1 | 90 | 880 |
| 2 | Unknown | 18.08 | 000301-02-0 | 72 | 500 |
| 3 | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | |

Comment:

Tentatively Identified Compound (TIC) refers to substances which are not present in the list of target compounds. Therefore, not all TICs are identified and quantitated using individual standards. TIC listings are prepared utilizing a computerized library search of electron impact mass spectral data and evaluation of the relevant data by a mass spectral data specialist.

Quantitation is accomplished by relative peak area of the compound compared to that of the nearest internal standard from the total ion chromatogram. TICs are identified and quantitated only if the peak area is equal to or greater than 10% of that of the nearest internal standard. Quantitation provided is an estimate.

Reviewed by: MRC

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Semivolatiles

by GCMS 8270

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB09 5.5-7'

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Lab Sample ID: 66427

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 86.4

Date Collected: 3/25/2003

Date Received: 3/25/2003

Date Analyzed: 4/3/2003

Analyzed By: MRC

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Acenaphthene | 360 | 530 |
| Acenaphthylene | 360 | BQL |
| Anthracene | 360 | BQL |
| Benzo[a]anthracene | 360 | BQL |
| Benzo[a]pyrene | 360 | BQL |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene | 360 | BQL |
| Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | 360 | BQL |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene | 360 | BQL |
| Benzoic Acid | 710 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane | 360 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether | 360 | BQL |
| Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether | 360 | BQL |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate | 360 | BQL |
| 4-bromophenyl phenyl ether | 360 | BQL |
| Butylbenzylphthalate | 360 | BQL |
| 4-Chloroaniline | 1800 | BQL |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 360 | BQL |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene | 360 | BQL |
| 2-Chlorophenol | 360 | BQL |
| 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether | 360 | BQL |
| Chrysene | 360 | BQL |
| Di-n-Butylphthalate | 360 | BQL |
| Di-n-octylphthalate | 360 | BQL |
| Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene | 360 | BQL |
| Dibenzofuran | 360 | BQL |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 360 | BQL |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 360 | BQL |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 360 | BQL |
| 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 710 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 360 | BQL |
| Diethylphthalate | 360 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dimethylphenol | 360 | BQL |
| Dimethylphthalate | 360 | BQL |
| 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol | 1800 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dinitrophenol | 1800 | BQL |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 360 | BQL |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 360 | BQL |
| Fluoranthene | 360 | BQL |
| Fluorene | 360 | 1400 |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 360 | BQL |

PARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

Results for Semivolatiles

by GCMS 8270

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB09 5.5-7'

Date Collected: 3/25/2003

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Date Received: 3/25/2003

Lab Sample ID: 66427

Date Analyzed: 4/3/2003

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Analyzed By: MRC

Matrix: Soil

%Solids: 86.4

Dilution: 1

| Compound | Quantitation Limit (ug/KG) | Result (ug/KG) |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Hexachlorobutadiene | 360 | BQL |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 710 | BQL |
| Hexachloroethane | 360 | BQL |
| Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene | 360 | BQL |
| Isophorone | 360 | BQL |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 360 | 17000 |
| 2-Methylphenol | 360 | BQL |
| 3- & 4-Methylphenol | 360 | BQL |
| N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine | 360 | BQL |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | 360 | BQL |
| Naphthalene | 360 | 3500 |
| 2-Nitroaniline | 360 | BQL |
| 3-Nitroaniline | 1800 | BQL |
| 4-Nitroaniline | 1800 | BQL |
| Nitrobenzene | 360 | BQL |
| 2-Nitrophenol | 360 | BQL |
| 4-Nitrophenol | 1800 | BQL |
| Pentachlorophenol | 1800 | BQL |
| Phenanthrene | 360 | 2700 |
| Phenol | 360 | BQL |
| Pyrene | 360 | BQL |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 360 | BQL |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 360 | BQL |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 360 | BQL |

| Surrogate Spike Recoveries | Spike Added | Spike Result | Percent Recovered |
|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 2-Fluorobiphenyl | 10 | 10.3 | 103 |
| 2-Fluorophenol | 10 | 9.6 | 96 |
| Nitrobenzene-d5 | 10 | 9.6 | 96 |
| Phenol-d6 | 10 | 9.4 | 94 |
| 2,4,6-Tribromophenol | 10 | 10.9 | 109 |
| 4-Terphenyl-d14 | 10 | 8.7 | 87 |

Comments:

Results are corrected for %solids and dilution where applicable.

Flags:

BQL = Below Quantitation Limit.

Reviewed By: MRC

Results of Library Search for Semivolatile Compounds

by GCMS

Client Sample ID: USTTT3140/3142-SB09 5.5-7'

Client Project ID: SAR TT-3140/3142

Lab Sample ID: 66427

Lab Project ID: G122-2098

Matrix: Soil

% SOLIDS: 86.4

Date Collected: 3/25/2003

Date Received: 3/25/2003

Date Analyzed: 4/3/2003

Analyzed By: MRC

Dilution: 1

| No. | Compound | Retention Time | CAS# | Match Probability | Result (ug/KG) |
|-----|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 1 | 1-Methylnaphthalene | 10.73 | 000090-12-0 | 100 | 11000 |
| 2 | Alkane, Unknown | 17.13 | | | 5900 |
| 3 | Carboxylic Acid, Unknown | 18.20 | | | 5100 |
| 4 | Trimethylbenzene, Isomer of | 7.22 | | | 4900 |
| 5 | Alkane, Unknown | 17.70 | | | 4000 |
| 6 | Alkane, Unknown | 8.38 | | | 3700 |
| 7 | Methylpropylbenzene, Isomer of | 8.05 | | | 3000 |
| 8 | Unknown | 7.87 | | | 2800 |
| 9 | Alkane, Unknown | 18.26 | | | 2600 |
| 10 | Alkane, Unknown | 13.84 | | | 2400 |

Comment:

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Reviewed by: MRC

ARADIGM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

27 Northchase Parkway SE, Wilmington, NC 28405
 Phone: (910)-350-1903 FAX: (910)-350-1557

Chain-of Custody Record & Analytical Request

COC# 36879

Page 1 of 1

Client: Mid-Atlantic Assoc. PA Project ID: SAR TT-3170/3142 Date: 3-25-2003
 Address: 409 Rogers View Ct Contact: E. Audette Turnaround: Standard
 Address: Raleigh, NC 27609 Phone: (919) 250-9918 Job Number: 000R1243.57
 Note #: 000 101 Fax: (919) 250-9950 P.O. Number:

Report To: E. Audette
 Invoice To:

| Sample ID | Date | Time | Matrix | Preservatives | | Analyses | | | | | Comments: Please specify any special reporting requirements | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|------|--------------------|---------------|----------|-------------|---|---------------|-----------|-----|--|--|
| | | | | MAPPH | EPA 8260 | VCS-5100 | MADP EPH ONLY | EPH SEMI-VOCs | DM Weight | ERT | | Temperature |
| TTT3140/3142-5805 8-101 | 3/25/03 | 1106 | Soil | 2 | 3 | | | 1 | | | | Samples placed in ice after collection |
| TTT3140/3142-5806 6-81 | - | 1115 | Soil | 2 | 3 | | | 1 | | | | REPT OFFICES |
| TTT3140/3142-5807 4-6 | - | 1125 | | 2 | 3 | | | 1 | | | | Per E. Audette |
| TTT3140/3142-5808 5.5-71 | - | 1210 | | 2 | 3 | | | 1 | | | | Grabs |
| TTT3140/3142-5809 5.5-71 | - | 1230 | | 2 | 3 | | | 1 | | | | |
| ICGD-1, 7-85 | - | 1245 | | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | 0122-2098 |
| ICGD-2, 7-85 | - | 1300 | | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Refined/Spilled By | Date | Time | Received By | Date | Time | Temperature | State Certification Requested | | | | | |
| <i>[Signature]</i> | 3/25/03 | 1700 | <i>[Signature]</i> | 7/25/05 | 1700 | none | NC <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SC <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | |
| SEE REVERSE FOR TERMS AND CONDITIONS | | | | | | | | | | | | |