## NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF Enyironment and Natural Resources

March 4, 1998

James B. Hunt Jr. COVERNOR

Whitwit Mryen Dinestar:

Commander, Atlantic Division
Naval Facilities Engineering Command
Code 1823
Attention: MCB Camp Lejeune, RPM
Ms. Katherine Landman
Norfolk, Virginia 23511-6287
Commanding General
Attention: AC/S, EMD/IRD
Marine Corps Base
PSC Box 20004
Camp Lejeune, NC 28542-0004
RE: $\quad$ NC Superfund Comments on the
Work Plan for Aggressive Fluid Recovery Pilot Test
Former AST Area, Site 86
MCB Camp Lejeune, North Carolina
Dear Ms. Landman:
The referenced document has been received and reviewed by the North Carolina Superfund Section and our comments are below:

1. Page 1-1, Section 1.0, First Paragraph. Trichloroethene is the major contaminant at Site 86.
2. Page 1-1, Section 1.0, Third Paragraph. References to "free product" are also found in Sections 2 and 3.
3. Comment by David Lilley on the Health and Safety plan:

Page 2: The upgrade from level C to level B protection (according to page 7-1 of the safety plan) occurs at PID readings of greater than 500. According to the NIOSH Pocket Guide, the IDLH for tetrachloroethene is 150 ppm . IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED THAT LEVEL C NOT BE USED IN AREAS WHERE THE CONCENTRATION OF VAPORS EXCEED THE IDLH. For groundwater concentrations this low, I would think the likelihood of such high concentrations
would be remote. If higher concentrations are encountered, I would also hope the crew would look into what is causing the problem long before concentrations reach 500 meter units.

Please call me at (919) 733-2801, extension 278 if you have any questions


David J. Lown, LG, PE
Geological Engineer
Superfund Section
cc: Gena Townsend, US EPA Region IV
Neal Paul, MCB Camp Lejeune

